Douglas Carver • New Mexico Sentencing Commission

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New Mexico Sentencing Commission Bill Tracker (2021 Reg)

Bill: **HB4**

Sponsors: Louis (D26); Egolf (D47); Cervantes (D31) Title: QUALIFIED IMMUNITY PROTECTIONS DIMINISHED

(Related to 2020 SS1 HB5, which created a Civil Summary:

Rights Commission) Cited as the New Mexico Civil Rights Act, establishes the right of an individual to bring a claim against a public body or anyone acting on behalf of a public body for violation of constitutional rights, privileges, or immunities.

Subjects: County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government; State Affairs and State Agencies; Courts and Civil

Matters; Insurance; Labor

Related: 2020:HB5

Progress: 2nd House: Reported from Committees 03/01/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee Status:

History: 01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

02/09/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Judiciary.

02/16/2021—H Opened for floor debate. 02/16/2021—H Floor amendments adopted (Amendment 1) (Rep. Georgene Louis) Voice

02/16/2021—H Note: (Amendment 2) (Rep. Lane)

Tabled (44-24).

02/16/2021-H Passed 39-29.

02/17/2021—S Received in the Senate and referred to Senate Health and Public Affairs. 02/17/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 03/01/2021—S Reported without recommendation as amended by Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. AOC noted that there was a concern with how the bill as written might impact the Judiciary, and could possibly abrogate judicial immunity.

Bill: **HB12**

Sponsors: Martinez, J. (D11); Romero, A. (D46)

CANNABIS REGULATION ACT AND CANNABIS TAX Title:

Summary: (Analysis Revised 2/9/2021) (Similar to 2020

HB160, related to 2021 HB17, SB13, SB288; 2020 HB334, SB115) Governs the legalization and taxation of adult-use cannabis. Creates the Cannabis Regulation Act to consolidate regulation and administration of commercial and medical cannabis activity except medical user registry by creation of the Cannabis Control Division of Regulation and Licensing Department. Provides for licensure and fees for producers, producer microbusinesses, manufacturers, testing laboratories, couriers, research laboratories, servers, education and training, and integrated cannabis establishments and microbusinesses. Provides for local control. Creates the Cannabis Tax Act to impose an excise tax of nine percent, a municipal tax of three percent, and a county tax of four percent. Requires extensive rule-making and interagency cooperation; creates new funds, programs and reporting requirements; amends the

Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act, the Tax

Administration Act, the Controlled Substances Act

and other sections of statute.

Subjects: Higher Education; Labor; Health and Medical

> Practice; Schools and Teachers; County Affairs; Courts and Civil Matters; Municipalities/City

Government; Criminal Code; Business, Manufacturing and Economic Development; State

Affairs and State Agencies; Family and Juveniles; Agriculture and Ranching; Public Safety and Corrections; Indians; Taxation, Fees and Audits

Related: 2020:SB115; 2020:HB334; 2020:HB160;

2021:HB17; 2021:SB13 Progress: 1st House: Passed

Status: 02/26/2021 - Passed in the House

02/02/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Health & Human Services.

02/02/2021—H Also referred to House Taxation &

Revenue.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass

as substituted by House Health & Human

Services.

02/24/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Taxation & Revenue.

02/26/2021—H Opened for floor debate. 02/26/2021—H Floor amendments adopted (Amendment 1) (Rep. Javier Martinez) Voice

02/26/2021-H Note: (Amendment 2) (Rep.

Crowder) Withdrawn by Sponsor.

02/26/2021—H Note 2: (Amendment 2) (Rep. Rod

Montoya) Tabled (44-25). 02/26/2021-H Passed 39-31.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as these issues have been discussed for years, by a vote of 3-2 (AODA and NMCD against), with the Chair, AOC, CYFD, DPS, and a public member abstaining. NMSC noted that the bill contained a fine for juveniles in two places, which was contrary to the policy behind HB 183. LOPD stated that they were working with the sponsors of the bill on those provisions, and noted that there was a provision whereby if the juvenile could not pay the fine, other options were available.

Bill: **HB17** Sponsors: Lujan (D48)

Title: CANNABIS REGULATION ACT

(Duplicate of 2021 SB13; related to 2020 SB115, **Summary:**

> HB160; 2019 HB356, SB577) Relates to the legalization, production, use, sale, taxation and licensure of commercial cannabis. Creates the Cannabis Regulation Act to regulate the

commercial production, possession, manufacture,

storage, testing, researching, labeling,

transportation, couriering and sale of cannabis and cannabis products. Provides for licensing fees. Creates the Cannabis Tax Act to impose a 20% sales tax on retail sales of nonmedical cannabis products, of which two-thirds (13 percent) is distributable to the state and one-third (35 percent) to the municipality or unincorporated portion of a county where the sale takes place.

Subjects: Health and Medical Practice; Criminal Code;

Business, Manufacturing and Economic

Development; Agriculture and Ranching; Public

Safety and Corrections: Environment and Pollution:

Taxation, Fees and Audits

2019:SB577; 2019:HB356; 2020:SB115; Related:

2020:HB160; 2021:SB13

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/02/2021 - House Health and Human Services Status:

Committee

02/02/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Health & Human Services.

02/02/2021—H Also referred to House Taxation &

Revenue.

Bill: **HB27**

Sponsors: Stapleton (D19)

CREATES CRIME OF STUDENT HAZING Title:

(Identical to 2019 HB352; similar to 2017 HB200 **Summary:**

and related to 2017 HB427) Creates the crime of hazing, which consists of a public or private post-secondary school student willfully acting or creating a situation that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health of another current or prospective student for the purpose of induction, initiation, or admission of the current or prospective student into, or maintenance of membership in, a student organization, student body or private athletic club. Applies regardless of the post-secondary institution's formal recognition or authorization of the organization.

Subjects: Higher Education; Health and Medical Practice;

Criminal Code

Related: 2019:HB352; 2017:HB200; 2017:HB427

Progress: 1st House: Passed

Status: 02/28/2021 - Passed in the House 01/04/2021—H Prefiled in the House. History:

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Education.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/19/2021-H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Education.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass

as substituted by House Judiciary.

02/22/2021—H Referral withdrawn from House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/28/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/28/2021-H Passed 60-9.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, due to concerns with vagueness as to what the crime entailed and in the definitions and that it appears that someone could be charged with hazing when no injury in fact occurs, by a vote of 6-1 (AGO against), with AODA, NMCD, CYFD, and a

public member abstaining.

Bill: **HB31**

Sponsors: Sarinana (D21)

MILITARY JUSTICE CODE SEX CRIMES REDEFINED Title: Summary:

(For the Military and Veterans' Affairs Committee) Relates to the Code of Military Justice; redefines rape, sexual assault, sexual contact, unlawful force, and consent, among other terms. Specifically removes marriage as a defense for conduct in a prosecution for a sex crime and strikes references to the gender of a victim. Punishment for persons found guilty under the Code of Justice remains the same, i.e., requiring that the person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Veterans and Military Affairs; Public

Safety and Corrections; Family and Juveniles

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee

02/24/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

History: 01/04/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Labor, Veterans' & Military Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Labor,

Veterans' & Military Affairs.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Judiciary.

02/22/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/22/2021—H Passed 68-0. 02/24/2021—S Received in the Senate and referred to Senate Health and Public Affairs. 02/24/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB40**

Sponsors: Rubio (D35); Bash (D68); Ely (D23); Chasey

(D18); Duhigg (D10)

Title: PRIVATE DETENTION FACILITY MORATORIUM ACT Creates the Private Detention Facility Moratorium

Summary: Act to remove authorization for any

nongovernmental entity to operate a private detention facility, including juvenile detention; exempts work-release facilities and private contracts in effect prior to the act's 2021 effective

date; makes the operation of a private detention facility unlawful; prohibits public funding of privately operated detention facilities; provides for recommended termination of existing contracts based on inspection reports; requires annual reports by Corrections Department to the Legislature; provides penalties. Repeals existing sections of law governing private contracts and jail

agreements.

County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government; Subjects:

Criminal Code; State Affairs and State Agencies;

Public Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/16/2021 - House Appropriations and Finance

Committee

01/06/2021—H Prefiled in the House. History:

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

02/02/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/11/2021—H Referred to House Appropriations &

Finance.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. NMCD

noted that they had considered running an agency bill along these lines. They have concerns over certain elements of the bill as drafted, but hope to iron those out as the Session develops. A private member noted that private detention facilities have generated confinement, and that the private facilities undercut state wages and have an

adverse effect on those who work in the corrections industry. AODA expressed the concern that the bill also covers jails, which could have an adverse impact on the counties that have jails. LOPD indicated that they strongly supported getting rid of private prisons and jails.

Bill: **HB47**

Sponsors: Armstrong, D. (D17); Hochman-Vigil (D15);

Stefanics (D39); O'Neill (D13)

Title: ELIZABETH WHITEFIELD END-OF-LIFE OPTIONS

(Substantially the same as 2019 HB90 and SB153; **Summary:**

related to 2017 HB171 and SB252) Cited as the Elizabeth Whitefield End of Life Options Act, House Bill 47 would provide terminally ill adults who are mentally competent the option of having medical assistance in bringing about their own death. Under current law, it is illegal for a health care provider to write a prescription for a patient to end life. Establishes rights, procedures and protections related to medical aid in dying. Removes criminal liability for attending health care providers who provide assistance. The act is not to be construed as authorization for a physician or other person to end a life by lethal injection, mercy killing, or euthanasia. Actions taken in accordance with provisions of the act shall not be construed to constitute suicide, assisted suicide, euthanasia,

mercy killing, homicide, or adult abuse. Subjects: Aging; Civil Rights; Courts and Civil Matters;

Criminal Code; Health and Medical Practice; Human

Services; Insurance

Related: 2019:HB90; 2019:SB153; 2017:HB171;

2017:SB252

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/24/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/07/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Health & Human Services.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Health & Human Services. 02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Judiciary.

02/19/2021-H Opened for floor debate.

02/19/2021-H Note: (Floor Amendment 1) (Rep.

Lane) Tabled (43-23).

02/19/2021—H Note 2: (Floor Amendment 1) (Rep. Crowder) Amendment withdrawn by

sponsor.

02/19/2021—H Note 3: (Floor Amendment 1) (Rep. Rod Montoya) Tabled (44-22).

02/19/2021—H Passed 39-27.

02/24/2021—S Received in the Senate and referred to Senate Health and Public Affairs. 02/24/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation by a vote of 5-1 (Magistrate Judge against), with 6

members abstaining.

Bill: **HB54**

Sponsors: Romero, A. (D46)

Title: BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGISTS ACT

Amends the Barbers and Cosmetologists Act to **Summary:**

enumerate duties of the Regulation and Licensing Department and clarify those of the Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists, Eliminates certain formal education requirements for licensure of barbers, hairstylists, cosmetologists and

cosmetologist instructors; and amends grounds for

refusal to issue or renew a license or suspend or

revoke one.

Subjects: Business, Manufacturing and Economic

Development; State Affairs and State Agencies

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee Status: 02/17/2021 - Senate Tax, Business and

Transportation Committee

01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House. History:

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021-H Also referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs. 01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

02/16/2021—H Opened for floor debate. 02/16/2021—H Note: (Floor Amendment 1)

(Rep.Lord) Tabled (44-22). 02/16/2021—H Passed 48-15.

02/17/2021—S Received in the Senate and referred to Senate Tax, Business &

Transportation.

02/17/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation unanimously, as the bill directly affects people who are presently incarcerated and are being trained in the barber and cosmetology fields. NMCD noted that the issue is that because of the present state of the law, inmates are unable to get their license in these fields upon release, despite their training.

Bill: **HB56**

Sponsors: Louis (D26); Thomson (D24)

HUMAN TRAFFICKING AND SEX OFFENDER Title:

CHANGES

(Virtually identical to 2020 HB237 as HJC Summary: amended) Imposes stricter penalties for

convictions of human trafficking and removes the statute of limitations for filing prosecutions against persons accused of human trafficking and the sexual exploitation of children; expands the definition of a sex offender to include human trafficking for commercial sexual activity and to include a person who owns residential property in New Mexico who has been convicted in another jurisdiction; raises age of victim of sexual exploitation of a child to a person under age 18; makes human trafficking of any person under age 18 a first degree felony; and expands scope of registry that is maintained on sex offenders by the Department of Public Safety (DPS)

Subjects: Criminal Code; Family and Juveniles; Public Safety

and Corrections Related: 2020:HB237

2nd House: Referred to Committee **Progress:**

02/24/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee Status: 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House. History:

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/19/2021-H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/11/2021—H Referral withdrawn from House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Judiciary.

02/22/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/22/2021-H Passed 63-3.

02/24/2021—S Received in the Senate and

referred to Senate Judiciary.

02/24/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

the it is important for victims, especially as it includes provisions concerning the Victims of Crime Act and important amendments to SORNA, by a vote of 6-4 (two public members, AOC, and LOPD against), with a public member abstaining. LOPD noted that removing conditional discharge from SORNA as discretionary removes a useful tool in plea negotiations; the inclusion of crimes from any jurisdiction might mean someone has to register for an offense that is not registerable in New Mexico, or possibly not even a crime here; and the law also increases and adds penalties, when there are already severe penalties for the crimes

targeted here.

Bill: **HB58 Sponsors:** Rehm (R31)

Title: VIOLENT FÉLONIES FOR LIFE IMPRISONMENT **Summary:**

(Identical to HB33 2020) Under the Criminal Sentencing Act, expands the types of felony convictions incurred by a defendant that are subject to mandatory life imprisonment sentencing enhancements, without the possibility of parole, to persons three times convicted of violent crimes. Applies to convictions of violent felonies that occurred on, before or after July 1, 2021. Includes in-state and out-of-state convictions of violent crimes committed before age 18 where the person was sentenced as an adult under Sec. 31-18-15.3 (serious youthful offender, which includes murder in the first degree) or Sec. 32A-2-20 (disposition of

a youthful offender as an adult).

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Criminal Code; Civil

Riahts

2020:HB33 Related: Introduced **Progress:**

01/19/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House. History:

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, due to the NMSC historically opposing mandatory sentencing, by a vote of 7-2 (AODA and DPS against), with NMCD, CYFD, and AGO abstaining. CYFD noted that the bill includes the disposition of youthful offenders as adults, which could mean that juvenile charges stack up. LOPD noted that the bill would broaden the scope of the three strikes law to include crimes that do not

involve physical injury or harm.

Rill. **HB59** Sponsors: Rehm (R31)

Title: SENTENCING FOR HABITUAL OFFENDERS,

INCLUDING DWI

(Identical to 2020 HB 34 and 2019 HB607) **Summary:**

Requires a 25-year interval (current law requires 10 years) between felony convictions in order to circumvent habitual-offender penalties under the Habitual Offender Sentencing Act. Brings

convictions, under Sec. 66-8-102, for aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs within the scope of the act, making them count as a prior felony committed in New

Mexico, whether within the Criminal Code or not, for the purpose of invoking habitual-offender penalties. Applies to sentences imposed on or after

July 1, 2021.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections;

Transportation

Related: 2020:HB34; 2019:HB607

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, by a vote of 8-3 (AGO, AODA, and DPS

against), with NMCD and CYFD abstaining.

Bill: **HB61** Rehm (R31) Sponsors:

Title: RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING ACT

Summary: (Identical to 2020 HB31, 2019 HB107) Creates the

> Reserve Police Officer Act to authorize state and local governments to commission reserve police officers to assist police officers. Defines their powers, duties, qualifications, licensure and training. Amends related statutes to conform with

Subjects: County Affairs; Courts and Civil Matters;

Municipalities/City Government; Public Employees/Retirement; State Affairs and State

Agencies; Public Safety and Corrections

2020:HB31; 2019:HB107 Related:

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 01/28/2021 - House Judiciary Committee Status: History: 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs. 01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB62** Rehm (R31) Sponsors:

Title: STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS: MURDER AND DRUG

TRAFFICKING

(Identical to 2020 HB36; related to 2019 HB104) **Summary:**

Current law (Sec. 31-1-8) provides for a six-year statute of limitations for prosecution of second-degree felonies. The bill removes the limitation for second-degree felony murders. Consequently, second-degree felony murders would be treated like capital felonies and first-degree violent felonies, all of which may be

prosecuted at any time.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections

Related: 2020:HB36; 2019:HB104

Progress: Introduced

01/19/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

History:

01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House. 01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

if a murder is unsolved and the statute of limitations for second degree murder runs, prosecutors are faced with having to pursue a far more difficult first degree murder charge, by a vote of 8-3 (two public members and LOPD against), with CYFD abstaining. LOPD noted that if facts do not support a second degree murder charge, then first should not be charged; that we should not be incentivizing charging when a long period of time has passed, which makes developing a defense difficult; and that LOPD generally opposes extending statute of limitations, and particularly opposes removing them. AODA noted that the bill is important as someone has lost a life in these cases.

Bill: **HB63** Sponsors: Rehm (R31)

COURT ORDERED CHEMICAL BLOOD TESTS IN DWI Title:

OR DUI SUSPECTED CASES

(Identical to HB231 2020) Strengthens court's Summary:

authority to issue a warrant to conduct chemical tests on a person who has refused to submit to chemical breath testing, who is suspected of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. Also expands

immunity provisions to include EMTs or phlebotomists among health professionals who are authorized to perform chemical blood tests on persons suspected of operating a motor vehicle or motorboat while under the influence of intoxicating

liquor or drugs.

Subjects: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products; Criminal

Code; Public Safety and Corrections; Health and

Medical Practice; Transportation

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as it would fix a loophole that prevents many people from being charged with a DWI, by a vote of 8-3 (two public members and LOPD against), with

CYFD abstaining.

Bill: **HB64** Sponsors: Rehm (R31)

UNLAWFUL USE OF BODY ARMOR Title:

Amends the Criminal Code to make it unlawful for **Summary:** a convicted felon to knowingly possess body armor or knowingly wear or otherwise use it during

commission of a felony. Makes unlawful possession a fourth-degree felony and knowing use during commission of a felony a third-degree felony. Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections

Subjects: Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, by a vote of 7-2 (DPS and AODA against), with a public member, AGO, and CYFD abstaining. LOPD noted that there is considerable vagueness in the bill, especially as what constitutes body armor can vary considerably. A public

member noted that it was a problem that simple

possession was criminalized, and that in prisons, prisoners often will wear unconventional material. such as books, under their clothes to protect themselves, and the bill as drafted would criminalize that self-protection.

Bill: **HB69**

Hochman-Vigil (D15) Sponsors:

UNMANNED AIRCRAFT (DRONES) SYSTEMS USE Title:

AND PRIVACY SAFEGUARDING ACT

Summary: Cited as the Unmanned Aircraft Systems Use and

Privacy Safeguarding Act, restricts certain uses of unmanned aircraft systems and imposes civil liabilities and criminal penalties for violating those restrictions. Grants immunity for a first responder for any damage caused to an unmanned aircraft system that interferes with the provision of emergency services. Calls for a study on ways to integrate unmanned aircraft systems within certain state and local government functions. Department of Public Safety (DPS) required to complete a study on use of unmanned aircraft by state and local

governments.

Subjects: Transportation; Public Safety and Corrections;

Courts and Civil Matters; Criminal Code

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 - House Transportation, Public Works

and Capital Improvements Committee 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

History:

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Transportation, Public Works & Capital

Improvements.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill:

Sponsors: Hochman-Vigil (D15); Rehm (R31)

DOMESTIC TERRORISM AND ALL SOURCE Title:

INTELLIGENCE CENTER

Summary: (Very similar to 2020 HB269) Amends the

Antiterrorism Act to define the second-degree felony crime of terrorism and the third -degree felony crimes of possessing a terroristic weapon and making a terroristic threat involving a school, community center, place of worship, or public accommodation. Amends the Computer Crimes Act

to define the third-degree felony crime of

cyberterrorism, including denial of service attacks. Redefines certain training or practice to use a weapon, device or technique to commit terrorism as a third -degree felony. Requires the Homeland Security Department to maintain a New Mexico All Source Intelligence Center as cross-jurisdictional federal, state and local partnership to protect the

state from border, criminal and terrorist threats. Subjects: Criminal Code; State Affairs and State Agencies; Public Safety and Corrections; Alcohol, Firearms

and Tobacco Products

Related: 2020:HB269 Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Appropriations & Finance.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

the current terrorism laws are outdated, and in the current climate this bill would bring New Mexico's laws in line with those of other states, by a vote of 8-3 (two public members and LOPD against), with AOC abstaining. AGO noted that the provisions concerning cyber-terrorism were particularly important, as there has been an increase in these kinds of attacks on universities, counties, and government agencies, and that New Mexico does not have any crimes on the books to address these attacks, but this bill would give prosecutors the necessary tools. LOPD noted that while parts of the bill target domestic terrorism, other parts are written so broadly that they could be used for other purposes; that what constitutes a civilian population is not defined, so it is unclear what size of gathering of people would be considered a civilian population in this bill; that many of the crimes addressed in the bill already are covered by other crimes in the Criminal Code; that a terror threat against a school could also include a teen who has no real intent to harm anyone; and that the term terroristic threat is vague and so it is unclear what is covered by the term.

Bill: HB73

Sponsors: Trujillo, Christine (D25)

Title: INDECENT WEBSITE TRADE PRACTICES: HUMAN

TRAFFICKING AND CHILD EXPLOITATION

Summary: Cited as the Human Trafficking and Child

Exploitation Act, the bill appears to be based on

model legislation (see:

http://humantraffickingpreventionact.com/). Its stated purpose is to regulate retailers engaged in indecent deceptive trade practices, cause existing laws to catch up to modern technology and deter the erosion of contemporary community standards of decency. Makes extensive legislative findings. Creates a duty for retailers of internet-enabled devices to ensure that certain products are equipped with filters that block websites known to facilitate human trafficking or prostitution and display child pornography, revenge pornography or obscene material harmful to minors; and to create continuing duties for retailers.

Subjects: Telecommunications; Taxation, Fees and Audits;

Information Technology; Business, Manufacturing and Economic Development; State Affairs and State Agencies; Courts and Civil Matters; Family and Juveniles; Public Safety and Corrections; Municipalities/City Government; County Affairs;

Criminal Code
Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 – House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/10/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. **Comments:** No action was taken on this legislation, LOPD and

NMSC noted that this seems to be some kind of model legislation, as much of it does not conform

to normal LCS style.

Bill: HB74 Sponsors: Chasey (D18)

Title: VOTER REGISTRATION FOR FELONS **Summary:** (For the Courts, Corrections and Justice

Committee) Repeals the automatic cancellation of

voter registration after an individual is convicted of

a felony charge.

Subjects: State Affairs and State Agencies; Elections; Public

Safety and Corrections

Related: 2019:HB57

Progress:2nd House: Referred to CommitteeStatus:02/17/2021 - Senate Rules CommitteeHistory:01/11/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs. 01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs. 02/04/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Judiciary.

02/11/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/11/2021—H Note: Floor Amendment 1 (Rep. Ezzell) Tabled (43-26).

02/11/2021—H Floor amendments adopted (Amendment 1) (Rep. Jane Powdrell-Culbert)

Voice Vote.

02/11/2021-H Passed 44-24.

02/17/2021—S Received in the Senate and

referred to Senate Rules.

02/17/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. **Comments:** The committee voted to support this legislation by

a vote of 5-3 (DPS, AODA, and Magistrate Judge against), with AGO, AOC, NMCD, CYFD, and a

public member abstaining.

Bill: HB80

Sponsors: Rehm (R31)

Title: NO BAIL DETENTION AND DRUG TREATMENT **Summary:** Establishes conditions under which bail shall be

denied and authorizes participation in substance abuse treatment programs by detained persons for

some or the entirety of the time pending trial.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections; Courts and Civil Matters; Human Services

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 – House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/14/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021-H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the relatively new bail process that the state has should be allowed to go forward, and that data on people who have been released since the constitutional amendment passed show that recidivism rates for those released are low, by a vote of 6-3 (DPS, AODA, and Magistrate Judge against), with NMCD, CYFD, and a public member abstaining. LOPD added that elements of this bill could run afoul of the present constitutional

provision on bail.

Bill: HB81 Sponsors: Rehm (R31)

Title: FIREARMS AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

TRAFFICKING PENALTY

Summary: (Identical to 2020 HB114) Makes unlawful the

carrying of a firearm while trafficking a controlled substance and imposes a third-degree felony

penalty.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco

Products; Public Safety and Corrections

Related: 2020:HB114

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 – House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/14/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. LOPD noted

that the legislation is unnecessary as there are crimes on the books already that address this crime, and that this bill would swallow the present statutory scheme for trafficking; additionally, mere possession of a firearm is not significant enough for

the penalties in the bill.

Bill: HB96

Sponsors: Romero, A. (D46)

Title: CRIMINAL RECORDS AND PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT OR

LICENSURE

Summary: (Related to 2019 HB382 and SB385) Amends the

Criminal Offender Employment Act to expand the list of criminal records that shall not be considered in an application for public employment, license, permit or other authority; adds a conditioned prohibition against exclusion from licensure for

previous convictions.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Business, Manufacturing and

Economic Development; Civil Rights

Related: 2019:HB382; 2019:SB385

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/25/2021 – House Calendar History: 01/15/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Labor, Veterans' & Military Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

02/04/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Labor, Veterans' & Military Affairs.

02/25/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by House State Government, Elections & Indian

Affairs.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Calendar, 4:30 p.m., Virtual

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: HB102 Sponsors: Chasey (D18)

Title: VIOLENCE INTERVENTION PROGRAM ACT

Summary: (Similar to 2020 HB301) Would create the Violence

Intervention Program Act and a Firearm Injury and Death Review Committee along with a fund meant

to reduce violence in New Mexico.

Subjects: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products; Health and Medical Practice; Indians; Municipalities/City

Government; Public Safety and Corrections

Related: 2020:HB301

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 01/28/2021 – House Appropriations and Finance

Committee

History: 01/15/2021—H Prefiled in the House.

01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Judiciary.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

01/28/2021-H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to table this bill.

NMSC noted that there was no compensation

indicated to the Commission for the duties required of it under the bill. AODA and LOPD both noted the need for funding to NMSC were this bill to pass.

Bill: HB114 Sponsors: Cadena (D33)

Title: 'SIMPLE POSSESSION' EXCLUDED FROM HABITUAL

OFFENDER PENALTIES

Summary: Changes the Criminal Justice Code to exclude

"simple possession" of drugs from the definition of "prior felony conviction," thereby excluding minor drug possession charges from becoming a factor that could make the sentence for a subsequent,

unrelated felony conviction more severe.
Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections

Subjects: Criminal Code; Pub **Progress:** 1st House: Passed

Status: 02/28/2021 – Passed in the House

History: 01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/02/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/09/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass

as substituted by House Judiciary.

02/28/2021—H Opened for floor debate. 02/28/2021—H Note: (Floor Amendment 1) (Rep.

Lane) Tabled (45-25).

02/28/2021—H Note 2: (Floor Amendment 1)

(Rep. Rehm) Tabled (44-23). 02/28/2021—H Passed 45-25.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the habitual offender statute is a tool often used to obtain pleas, and that there were concerns about introducing discretion, by a vote of 6-4 (LOPD, AOC, and two public members against), with CYFD and Magistrate Judge abstaining. LOPD noted that judicial discretion allows judges to evaluate each case on the merits, and that substance abusers in particular are likely to re-offend because of their addiction. AODA noted that they were not necessarily opposed to the provision in the bill regarding simple possession

exclusion.

Bill: HB119 Sponsors: Alcon (D6)

Title: CHANGES IN TRAFFIC CITATIONS AND PENALTY

ASSESSMENT MISDEMEANORS

Summary: (State agency bill) Makes a series of revisions to

traffic laws, particularly to handling related receipts and upgrading the legal status of the uniform

traffic citation.

Subjects: Higher Education; Courts and Civil Matters;

Municipalities/City Government; Transportation; State Affairs and State Agencies; Taxation, Fees

and Audits

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/24/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 01/28/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Judiciary.

02/23/2021-H Opened for floor debate.

02/23/2021—H Passed 67-0.

02/24/2021—S Received in the Senate and

referred to Senate Health and Public Affairs.

02/24/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as it is a customer service bill, clearing up confusion with traffic citations as sometimes they go to MVD, sometimes to a court, by a vote of 10-0, with LOPD and a public member abstaining. AOC noted that the bill would allow a motorist to decide up until the time of their court date to pay the time or go to court, and it ends suspension of a license for failure to pay. LOPD noted that bench warrants were still allowed for failure to appear for citations issued on campuses.

Bill: **HB140** Sponsors: Bash (D68)

Title: REMOVAL OF MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES:

CHILD SEX CRIMES TO GAME & FISH VIOLATIONS

Summary: (Related to 2020 HB33; 2019 HB103; 2019 HB307)

Removes minimum mandatory sentences for sexual child abuse, restraining order violations and

life imprisonment charges for the

three-strikes-you're-out rule on violent felony convictions. Allows for deferred or suspended sentence for habitual misdemeanor violations of

Game and Fish laws and rules.

Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections Subjects: Related: 2019:HB103; 2019:HB307; 2020:HB33

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/25/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this legislation, as the bill is wide-sweeping, ranging across a variety of crimes from Game & Fish violations to the state's three strikes law, and seems to lack focus, by a vote of 10-0, with LOPD and two public members abstaining. AODA added that the bill would have a tremendous impact on the criminal justice process. LOPD noted that while they support the removal of mandatory sentencing, it was unclear why this piecemeal approach was taken.

HB142 Bill: Thomson (D24) Sponsors:

SEXUAL MISCONDUCT TASK FORCE AND POLICIES Title:

FOR SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

(Similar to 2019 HB113) Requires the Higher Summarv:

Education Department and all public and private postsecondary institutions that receive state scholarship funds to adopt detailed,

trauma-informed policies and procedures for investigating allegations of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and harassment

or stalking. Creates a temporary statewide higher education Task Force on Sexual Misconduct through FY2023 to develop and disseminate a sexual misconduct climate survey, pursuant to rules promulgated by HED, that must be conducted biennially by the institutions. Amends the Public School Code to require the Public Education Department to develop similar policies and

procedures for all schools, and modifies high school graduation requirements with a mandate for specific content about informed consent to sexual activity in health education courses required for

graduation.

Subjects: Higher Education: Schools and Teachers: State

Affairs and State Agencies

2019:HB113 Related: Progress: 1st House: Passed

02/28/2021 - Passed in the House Status:

01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Health & Human Services.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Education. 02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Health

& Human Services.

02/25/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Education.

02/28/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/28/2021-H Passed 58-7.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB143**

Dixon (D20); Kernan (R42); Lopez (D11); Sponsors:

Jaramillo, Leo (D5)

Title: VICTIM INTERVIEWS UNDER THE VICTIMS OF

CRIME ACT

Summary: Would allow child victims of violent crime (and

victims identified as incapacitated by a court) to deny a court interview conducted or initiated by the defendant; lays out procedures for victim

interviews to take place.

Subjects: Criminal Code

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 02/09/2021 - House Judiciary Committee Status:

01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House **History:**

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as it is similar to laws passed in other states that have been found unconstitutional as they affect due process rights, rights to discovery, and other rights, by a vote of 7-3 (AGO, AODA, and CYFD against), with NMCD and DPS abstaining. LOPD added that the bill would reduce the ability to conduct a defense, and that many cases are witness-heavy with little or no physical evidence. A public member added that the bill was an impermissible interference with the court's

authority to regulate proceedings.

Bill:

Dixon (D20); Maestas (D16); Rehm (R31) Sponsors:

Title: DAMAGE TO PROPERTY BY THEFT

Summary: Adds new penalties to the Criminal Code related to

criminal damage of property by theft or attempted theft of "regulated material" when the damage

would cost more than \$2,500 to repair.

Subjects: Criminal Code

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/22/2021 - House Calendar

History: 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 01/25/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/11/2021-H Note: HCPAC Committee Report expunged and corrected version adopted...

02/18/2021—H Referral withdrawn from House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/22/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by House Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Calendar, 4:30 p.m., Virtual

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB145**

Sponsors: Dixon (D20); Rehm (R31); Garratt (D29)

THE "CHOP SHOP" ACT Title:

(Similar to 2020 HB156; 2019 HB509) Would make **Summary:**

> a specific crime and penalty for illegally dismantling a stolen motor vehicle, to sell stolen vehicle parts or operate a business selling stolen parts, identified

in the legislation as a "chop shop."

Criminal Code Subjects:

Related: 2019:HB509; 2020:HB156 2nd House: Referred to Committee **Progress:**

Status: 03/01/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/04/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

02/18/2021—H Referral withdrawn from House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/25/2021—H Opened for floor debate. 02/25/2021—H Floor amendments adopted (Amendment 1) (Rep. Meredith Dixon) Voice

02/25/2021—H Passed 68-0.

03/01/2021—S Received in the Senate and

referred to Senate Judiciary.

03/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as it is a way to address the car theft issue in the state, by a vote of 9-2 (LOPD and a public member against), with AOC and a public member abstaining. LOPD stated that existing statutes can be used to address the chop shop issue, such as conspiracy, racketeering, or accessory to underlying crimes. A public member noted that chop shop-types of cases have been prosecuted successfully for decades. DPS stated that there are elements of existing law that would not reach chops shops in all instances. AODA noted that racketeering requires a pattern of conduct, and in certain cases there is only one incident, which means that racketeering could not be charged.

Bill: **HB146** Cadena (D33) Sponsors:

DISTRICT COURT AUTHORITY OVER MAGISTRATE Title:

COURTS

Summary: Transfers administrative and budgetary duties over

Magistrate Courts from the Administrative Office of the Courts to individual Judicial Districts. Creates supervisory authority for district courts over magistrate courts and authorizes the district court to employ and select clerical assistants for

magistrates.

Courts and Civil Matters; Public Finance and Subjects:

Budgets; State Affairs and State Agencies;

Taxation, Fees and Audits

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee

02/24/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

History: 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Local Government, Land Grants & Cultural

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/04/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Local Government, Land Grants & Cultural Affairs. 02/18/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

02/23/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/23/2021—H Passed 64-3.

02/24/2021—S Received in the Senate and referred to Senate Health and Public Affairs. 02/24/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to support this legislation, as it is a catchup/cleanup bill to align statutes with certain Supreme Court orders related to court organization. AOC added that the changes in rule and in this bill are a result of a study conducted concerning more efficient practices.

Bill: **HB151**

Sponsors: Bash (D68)

BRIDGES ÁCROSS NEW MEXICO BEHAVIORAL Title:

HEALTH CONSORTIUM

Summary: Directs the Human Services Department to

> convene a Bridges Across New Mexico Behavioral Health Consortium to address treatment of substance use disorders, mental health issues, and homelessness. Appropriates \$50,000 (GF) to the Human Services Department for use in FY2023 to

develop an action plan to present to the Department and the Legislature.

Subjects: Health and Medical Practice; Human Services;

Appropriations; State Affairs and State Agencies; Courts and Civil Matters: Schools and Teachers

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 03/01/2021 - House Appropriations and Finance

Committee

History: 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Health & Human Services.

01/25/2021-H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

03/01/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Health & Human

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to support this legislation, as it is overdue for the state to address

the issues of behavioral health needs, treatment

needs, and the like in the state.

Bill: **HB156**

Sponsors: Barreras (I12)

CRIMINAL SEXUAL PENETRATION BY A PEACE Title:

OFFICER ON DETAINED PERSON

Amends Sec. 30-9-11 of the Criminal Code to Summarv:

> address rape by a peace officer on a person in custody. Specifically, the bill provides that criminal sexual penetration in the second degree consists of all criminal sexual penetration perpetrated by a peace officer on a suspect, victim, witness or detained person in the care or custody of any

peace officer.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections

1st House: Reported from Committees **Progress:**

Status: 03/01/2021 - House Appropriations and Finance

Committee

History: 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

02/25/2021-H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/04/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

03/01/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as the crime is analogous to the existing statute concerning corrections officials and prisoners, by a vote of 9-0, with AOC, LOPD, and two public members abstaining. LOPD stated that there is an appellate case addressing the corrections statute; a ruling in that case would likely impact this statute as well.

Bill: **HB161** Sponsors: Lane (R3)

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE FOR VICTIMS OF HUMAN Title:

TRAFFICKING

Summary: Permits a person charged with prostitution to

assert an affirmative defense that the person is a victim of human trafficking if the offense was committed as a direct result of the actions of a person charged with human trafficking.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Indians; Public Safety and

Corrections

1st House: Reported from Committees **Progress:** Status: 02/09/2021 - House Judiciary Committee

History: 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

Comments: HB 161: The committee voted unanimously to

table this legislation.

Bill: **HB166** Sponsors: Lujan (D48)

UNLAWFUL MANUFACTURE OR DISTRIBUTION OF Title:

Amends the Criminal Code to create new fourth **Summary:**

degree felony firearms offenses: (1) manufacturing firearms by other than a licensed gun dealer or manufacturer; (2) use of a 3-D printer to produce firearms or components; (3) distribution of instructions for programming a 3-D printer to

produce a firearm or component; (4) manufacturing or possessing a covert or

undetectable firearm; (5) manufacturing a firearm without a unique serial number; (6) possessing a firearm frame or receiver without a serial number: and (7) possessing, selling or receiving a firearm or component produced in violation of any of the

above. Contains definitions.

Subjects: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products: Criminal

Code; Public Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/11/2021 - House Judiciary Committee History: 01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

01/25/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/11/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Consumer & Public

Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. DPS noted

that they agree with 99% of the bill, but they would like to see the language amended so that law enforcement, who at times need to construct firearms parts or assemble weapons, are excluded.

Bill: **HB178** Sponsors: Johnson (D5)

DELAY SUNSET OF COUNSELING AND THERAPY Title:

PRACTICE BOARD

Amends definitions in the Counseling and Therapy Summary:

Practice Act to expand education and experience requirements for licensure as an alcohol and drug abuse counselor. Delays until July 1, 2027 the sunset date on the Counseling and Therapy Practice Board, with a repeal date of July 1, 2028

unless later extended.

Health and Medical Practice; Business, Subjects:

Manufacturing and Economic Development; State

Affairs and State Agencies

Progress: 1st House: Passed

Status: 02/26/2021 - Passed in the House

01/25/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Health & Human Services.

01/25/2021-H Also referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

02/11/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Health & Human Services.

02/22/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House State

Government, Elections & Indian Affairs. 02/26/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/26/2021-H Passed 67-0.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Rill. **HB183**

Sponsors: Montova, Roger (D40)

JUVENILE OFFENDER COURT FEES WAIVED Title: Summary: Eliminates certain fines and fees for crimes

committed by juveniles.

Subjects: Higher Education; Courts and Civil Matters; Family

and Juveniles

Progress: 1st House: Passed

Status: 03/01/2021 - Passed in the House

History: 01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/25/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

03/01/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

03/01/2021-H Passed 66-0.

Comments: The committee took no action on this bill as it is

one of the NMSC pieces of legislation, and was

supported by the Commission.

Bill: **HB185**

Sponsors: McQueen (D50); Stefanics (D39)

JURY SERVICE EXEMPTION FOR PERSONS OVER 75 Title:

(Identical to 2019 SB174; similar to 2020 SB187) **Summary:**

Modifies Sec. 38-5-2 to provide for persons over 75 to request an exemption from jury duty rather than being required to submit an affidavit in support of the request. In earlier years, a similar measure was endorsed by the Courts, Corrections and Justice Committee and the AOC offered that the requirement to provide a notarized affidavit was cumbersome on aging populations who may have health, financial, transportation and other issues that make it difficult to generate an affidavit.

Subjects: Courts and Civil Matters; Aging; Civil Rights

Related: 2019:SB174

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee Status: 02/17/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Judiciary.

02/02/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

02/12/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/12/2021—H Passed 67-0.

02/17/2021—S Received in the Senate and referred to Senate Health and Public Affairs. 02/17/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to support this legislation, as the removal of the affidavit requirement was unanimously approved in the last

> Legislative Session by both chambers, but unfortunately was pocket vetoed.

HB187 Bill: Sponsors: Rehm (R31)

DUI AND IGNITION INTERLOCK FOR CERTAIN Title:

DRUGS

Summary: (Identical to 2020 HB38, 2019 HB317, 2018 HB39

and 2017 HB22) Sets specific standards in the state's DUI laws regarding drugs. It is unlawful for a person under the influence of any drug to drive a vehicle within the state. Prohibits driving with certain amounts of specified controlled substances or metabolites in the blood. Clarifies that the ignition interlock requirement only applies to offenders with alcohol concentration in their blood or breath. Increases eighth or subsequent DUI conviction to a second-degree felony. Modifies DUI laws by adopting uniform references to "unlawful alcohol," "controlled substance," and "controlled substance metabolite" concentrations in the

driver's blood or breath.

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Criminal Code;

Transportation

Related: 2017:HB22; 2018:HB39; 2019:HB317; 2020:HB38

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/28/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the science does not exist to enforce the legislation, by a vote of 6-1 (AODA against), with DPS, AGO, Magistrate Judge, CYFD, and a

public member abstaining.

Bill:

Sponsors: Cadena (D33); Maestas (D16); Chasey (D18)

Title: CORRECTIONS OMBUDSMAN ACT The Corrections Ombudsman Act that would assist Summarv:

in bolstering internal policies meant to reduce the

likelihood of negative impacts on inmates health, safety, welfare and rehabilitation (and lessen lawsuits stemming from those issues). It makes a \$250,000 appropriation (GF) to the Legislative Finance Committee for FY 2022 to implement the

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Legislature 1st House: Reported from Committees **Progress:**

02/11/2021 - House Appropriations and Finance Status:

Committee

History: 01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Judiciary.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/11/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to table this legislation, as it

is a complicated piece of legislation that needs more study, by a vote of 9-2 (DPS and NMCD against), with AOC and a public member abstaining. On 9 Feb 21 the committee revisited this bill. After discussion, the committee voted to table this legislation again, as NMCD is working

with the bill sponsors to make significant changes in it, by a vote of 10-3 (LOPD and two public members against). A public member stated that he supported the bill, and invited a guest to discuss the particulars - the quest discussed various oversight mechanisms for corrections departments, the need for sunshine in prison systems, the need for an oversight body to have access and be

independent of the Executive; the guest also noted

that under this legislation the ombudsperson would

not have power, which is a disadvantage, and that the Executive could ignore any recommendations; the guest further noted that oversight like that outlined in the bill would save money for the state in the long run. NMCD stated that while they did not oppose oversight, the bill as drafted did not create a true ombudsperson, that a problem with the bill was that the ombudsperson reports to the LFC Director rather than being an impartial agent,

that the bill would promote rather than prevent

large administrative burden on the department.

litigation, and that the bill as drafted would place a

HB193 Bill:

Sponsors: Elv (D23); Garratt (D29)

ROLE OF POLICE AND DA IN EXTREME RISK Title:

FIREARM PROTECTION

Amends the Extreme Risk Firearm Protection Order Summary:

> Act to establish when a law enforcement officer may act as the reporting party who initiates a request for a petition for an extreme risk firearm protection order. Requires a law enforcement officer or agency to take possession of all firearms subject of such an order if they are surrendered, in plain view, or discovered pursuant to a lawful search. Changes provisions for reporting of such orders. Prohibits use in any criminal proceeding of evidence establishing possession or ownership of a firearm obtained in an extreme risk hearing. Prohibits a person subject to an extreme risk order from acquiring a new firearm until the order

Subjects: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products; Criminal

Code; Family and Juveniles; Public Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/23/2021 - House Calendar

01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/16/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Consumer & Public

02/23/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Calendar, 4:30 p.m., Virtual Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

the Act as written defines district attorneys as law enforcement, and thus they are required to take possession of weapons when they have no process to do so, by a vote of 9-0, with LOPD, AOC, and two public members abstaining.

Bill: **HB201** Cadena (D33) Sponsors:

AUTOMATIC PROBATION RELEASE FOR Title:

MINIMUM- OR MEDIUM- RISK DEFENDANTS

Allows a minimum or medium risk defendant to be **Summary:**

released from probation under certain

circumstances by amendment to Sec. 31-20-5 specifying that: a defendant shall automatically be released from probation if classified as a minimum or medium level risk by a validated scoring instrument; has met all the obligations of

probation; and has completed one-half or more of the period of probation.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Family and Juveniles; Courts and

Civil Matters

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 03/01/2021 - House Calendar

01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House Consumer & Public Affairs. 03/01/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Calendar, 4:30 p.m., Virtual

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

there is no purpose of keeping low and medium offenders on supervision for an unnecessarily long time if they have met their obligations, by a vote of 12-0, with AGO abstaining. NMCD added that it would remove some of the burden from the court system and allow these offenders to do better after

release.

Bill: **HB205** Sponsors: Thomson (D24)

BANS FLAVORED TOBACCO PRODUCTS Title:

(Largely identical to 2020 HB54 and SB91; 2019 **Summary:**

> HB260, HB54, SB68 and SB343) (For the Tobacco Settlement Revenue Oversight Committee) Makes unlawful (1) the knowing sale, offer to sell, barter or gift of a flavored tobacco product to a person, or

(2) purchasing, possessing, or attempting to purchase or possess any flavored tobacco product.

Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products; Business, Subjects: Manufacturing and Economic Development; Courts

and Civil Matters; Criminal Code

2019:HB260; 2019:HB54; 2019:SB68; Related:

2020:HB54; 2020:SB91

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

02/22/2021 - House Commerce and Economic Status:

Development Committee

History: 01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Health & Human Services.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House Commerce

& Economic Development.

02/22/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Health & Human Services.

Scheduled: 03/03/2021—House Commerce and Economic

Development Committee, 1:30 p.m., Virtual

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB208**

Romero, A. (D46); Stansbury (D28); Lente (D65) Sponsors: MISSING & MURDERED INDIGENOUS WOMEN Title:

TASK FORCE

Extends the life of and appropriates \$50,000 (GF) Summarv:

> to the Indian Affairs Department for use in FYs 2021 and 2022 to pay expenses incurred by the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women Task Force. The task force is required to report a summary of its work, policy recommendations and any additional findings to the Governor, Legislative Council Service Library and the appropriate interim

legislative committee before November 1, 2021. Subjects: Appropriations; Indians; State Affairs and State

Agencies; Public Safety and Corrections **Progress:** 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/09/2021 - House Appropriations and Finance

Committee

History: 01/28/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

01/28/2021—H Also referred to House Appropriations & Finance.

02/09/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House State

Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB226** Sponsors: Bash (D68)

Title: GRAND JURY TARGETS, DATES AND EVIDENCE Summary:

Makes a substantial change to the conduct and review of grand jury proceedings and gives the district court the authority to dismiss an indictment upon a finding that the evidence presented to a grand jury was legally insufficient or the target's

rights were violated. Expands a target's rights to essential facts, notice, and furnishing counter evidence to the grand jury. All changes take place

by amendments to a single section of law,

31-6-11.

Criminal Code; Civil Rights Subjects:

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

02/25/2021 - House Calendar Status:

02/02/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/02/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/22/2021—H Reported Do Pass as amended by

House Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/25/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Calendar, 4:30 p.m., Virtual

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB254**

Sponsors: Roybal Caballero (D13); Lopez (D11) Title: OFFICER USE-OF-FORCE REPORTING AND

INVESTIGATION

Summary: Creates a reporting process and assigns a

prosecutor following a peace officer's deadly use of force resulting in great bodily harm or death and provides a process for independent investigation

into the incident.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections; Civil

Rights

Related: 2021:SB227

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/25/2021 - House Judiciary Committee

02/04/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/04/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/25/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Consumer & Public

Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: HB263

Sponsors: Roybal Caballero (D13)

Title: USES OF POLICE DEADLY FORCE REPORTING **Summary:** (Identical to SB274. Relates to HB254 and SB227).

Creates a reporting mechanism and assignment of a prosecutor after a law enforcement officers use of deadly force resulting in great bodily harm or

death.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Civil Rights; County Affairs;

Municipalities/City Government; Public Safety and

Corrections

Related: 2021:SB274; 2021:HB254; 2021:HB227

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/09/2021 – House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/09/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/09/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: HB273 Sponsors: Chasey (D18)

Title: REDRAFT CRIMINAL CODE

Summary: (Endorsed by the Courts, Corrections and Justice

Committee) Appropriates \$500,000 (GF) to the New Mexico Sentencing Commission for use in FY2022 and 2023 to redraft the Criminal Code and

related statutes.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Appropriations

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/18/2021 – House Appropriations and Finance

Committee

History: 02/11/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Judiciary.

02/11/2021-H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

02/18/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Appropriations and Finance

Committee, 1:30 p.m., Virtual

Comments: The committee took no action on this bill as it is

one of the NMSC pieces of legislation, and was

supported by the Commission.

Bill: HB276 Sponsors: Harper (R57)

Title: CRIME OF TARGETED RESIDENTIAL PICKETING

Summary: A new section of the Criminal Code would make it a misdemeanor crime for a person to picket a

targeted residence. Targeted residential picketing consists of picketing that is specifically directed or focused toward a person and takes place within 100 feet of that person's residence. Convicted violators would be subject to sentencing under provisions of Sec. 31-19-1 of the code.

Subjects: Criminal Code

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees **Status:** 02/22/2021 – House Judiciary Committee **History:** 02/11/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/11/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/22/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. LOPD

stated that the proposed statute has constitutional issues due to its vagueness, and they cannot

support it in its current form.

Bill: HB286 Sponsors: Maestas (D16)

Title: MOVING POLICE CERTIFICATION TO RLD AND

REPEALING LICENSE APPEALS PROCESS

Summary: Moves oversight and authority of license

revocations and suspensions for law enforcement

officers from the Public Safety Advisory

Commission to the state Regulation and Licensing Department and provides a framework for license revocation (a process currently in place for other professions) under the Uniform Licensing Act.

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; State Affairs and

State Agencies

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees **Status:** 02/25/2021 – House Judiciary Committee **History:** 02/16/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/16/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. 02/25/2021—H Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by House Consumer & Public

Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the legislation would impact NM State Police officers in ways that no one else is impacted, especially concerning the right of appeal, by a vote of 5-0, with AOC, AGO, CYFD, LOPD, and two public members abstaining. DPS added that it was possible that in the drafting process it was not understood how certification presently works; in addition, PSAC is an advisory board, and does not have anything to do with certification, so it is unclear why it is being abolished. AODA stated that it seemed that the bill does not properly address

what it intended to accomplish.

Bill: HB293

Sponsors: Brown (R55); Lord (R22); Rehm (R31); Black

(R51)

Title: INCREASING PENALTIES FOR CRIMINAL SEXUAL

OFFENSES AGAINST MINORS

Summary: (Conflicts with HB140) Increases mandatory

minimum sentences for certain criminal sexual offenses against children and increases mandatory

minimum tier for habitual offenders.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Family and Juveniles

Related: 2021:HB140

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/18/2021 – House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

02/18/2021—H Also referred to House

Appropriations & Finance.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as it restructures these laws with no evidence behind it that it would lead to fewer crimes, by a vote of 4-2 (AODA and AGO against), with AOC, CYFD, NMCD, and a public member abstaining. LOPD added that as NMSC might get \$500,000 to redraft the states criminal statutes, any modifications to these statutes should be

considered under that

Bill: HB305 Sponsors: Harper (R57) Title: BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TREATMENT FOR MINORS

DEEMED INCOMPETENT TO STAND TRIAL

Summary: Requires the Human Services Department to

contract services to help juvenile offenders deemed incompetent to stand trial; allows juvenile treatment in lieu of incarceration in certain cases;

repeals conflicting sections of law.

Subjects: Human Services; Family and Juveniles; Courts and

Civil Matters; Public Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/18/2021 - House Health and Human Services

Committee

02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Health & Human Services.

02/18/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. **Scheduled:** 03/03/2021—House Health and Human Services

Committee, 8:30 a.m., Virtual

Comments: The committee voted unanimously not to support

this legislation, as there are a number of issues with the bill. CYFD added that the bill seems to be working from the supposition that all competency cases can be treated to competency, which isn't the case; it does not address all of the reasons vouth could be incompetent; it does not address medical necessity or Medicaid funding; and they noted that there is very little residential treatment in the state, which could lead to many out of state placements, contrary to best practices. A public member stated that he shared CYFD's concerns. LOPD stated that how the legislation is structured would allow for extremely lengthy potential commitments, especially compared to the adult system - a child could be held for a treatment commitment from age 12 for six years; they added that the bill is addressing delinquent children, not youthful offenders or serious youthful offenders.

Bill: **HB306** Sponsors: Lord (R22)

CONCEALED HANDGUN LICENSE DECISION TIME Title:

Summary: Amends the Concealed Handgun Carry Act to

require that the Department of Public Safety shall issue or deny an application for a concealed handgun license within 90 days of receiving the completed application; and within 60 days after submission of materials to renew a license.

Subjects: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products; State

Affairs and State Agencies; Public Safety and

Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 02/25/2021 - House Judiciary Committee Status: 02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

02/25/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **HB307** Sponsors: Lord (R22)

Title: LAW ENFORCEMENT IMMUNITY RESTORED FOR

NEGLIGENT SPOLIATION OF EVIDENCE

Summary: HB307 proposes to do away with existing law that

provides that the immunity granted to law enforcement officers acting within the scope of their duties, under the Tort Claims Act, does NOT apply to liability for the independent tort of

negligent spoliation of evidence or the independent

tort of intentional spoliation of evidence, or the failure to comply with duties established pursuant to statute or law. The existing exemption from immunity became effective in 2020 and HB307 would restore that immunity to law enforcement officers acting within the scope of their duties.

Civil Rights; Courts and Civil Matters; Insurance; Subjects: State Affairs and State Agencies; County Affairs;

Municipalities/City Government

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/18/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

History: 02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to table this legislation, as there are revisions that need to be made to the legislation. DPS stated that while there needs to be flexibility for unintentional mechanical error with the use of body cameras, for instance, intentional interfering was a different matter; they added that the only provision with which they had concern was the removal of intentional spoliation of evidence, LOPD also expressed concerns with the removal of intentional

spoliation of evidence.

Bill: **HB352** Sponsors: Serrato (D45)

Title: PRIVATE DETENTION FACILITY MORATORIUM ACT **Summary:**

(Similar to 2021 HB40) Creates the Private Detention Facility Moratorium Act to remove authorization for any nongovernmental entity to operate a private detention facility, including juvenile detention; conditionally exempts private contracts in effect prior to the act's 2021 effective date; makes the operation of a private detention facility unlawful; prohibits public funding of privately operated detention facilities; provides for

recommended termination of existing contracts based on inspection reports. Creates the Detention Facility Economic Development Assistance Fund and Detention Facility Displaced Worker Assistance Fund. Repeals existing sections of law governing

private contracts and jail agreements.

Subjects: Labor; County Affairs; Municipalities/City

Government; Criminal Code; State Affairs and

State Agencies; ; Indians

Related: 2021:HB40

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/18/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House **History:**

Consumer & Public Affairs. 02/18/2021-H Also referred to House

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Appropriations & Finance.

Bill: **HB353** Sponsors: Dixon (D20)

Title: PENALTIES FOR RECEIVING STOLEN FIREARMS **Summary:** Amends Criminal Code to add failing to verify

> whether a firearm was stolen before purchasing it to the existing list of penalties for receiving stolen property pursuant to Sec. 30-16-11. Receiving a stolen firearm (or failing to verify that it was stolen) would be subject to the same tiered list of penalties in statute, ranging from misdemeanor to felony charges depending on the value of the item

received.

Subjects: Criminal Code: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco

Products

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/18/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously not to support

this legislation, as there was no way for individuals to access the ATF database. AODA added that there was no way to enforce the statute. LOPD stated that the intent requirement is a problem, and what the proposed statute was trying to do was not possible; they added that it would be an easy crime for a DA to charge, and hard to defend.

Bill: HJR4 Rehm (R31) Sponsors:

Title: CA: CONDITIONS FOR DENIAL OF BAIL

Summary: Proposes to amend Article 2, Section 13 of the NM

> Constitution to remove from the courts and delegate solely to the Legislature the power to determine conditions for denial of bail; clarifies that bail may be denied if no release conditions will reasonably ensure the appearance of the person; and removes procedural directions for requesting court relief from requirement to post bond.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Constitutional Issues and

Amendments

Introduced Progress:

Status: 01/19/2021 - House State Government, Elections

and Indian Affairs Committee

01/08/2021—H Prefiled in the House. History:

> 01/19/2021—H Introduced and referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs. 01/19/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as AOC research and studies of the bail system since the constitutional revision was made and Court Rule changes went into effect show that the system is working, by a vote of 9-0, with AGO, DPS, NMCD, and CYFD abstaining. LOPD added that in the last quarter only 1 out of 5 cases have failed to find probable cause, and that expanding pretrial detention impinges on the presumption of innocence. AODA noted that in most districts, the DAs win almost all of the cases they bring to detain, in some districts all of the cases; and while there were some problems initially, it seems that the PDs and DAs now know how to work in the new system, so it would not be good to change it again.

Bill: HJR10 Sponsors: Sweetser (D32)

CA: BASIS FOR BAIL DENIAL Title:

Summary: Proposes to amend Art. 2, Sec. 13, of the

> Constitution to add flight risk and interference with the criminal process as circumstances under which bail may be denied; would also establish a rebuttable presumption of detention for offenses subject to a life sentence and provide additional rebuttable presumptions that could be established

Public Safety and Corrections; Criminal Code; Subjects:

Constitutional Issues and Amendments

1st House: Referred to Committee **Progress:**

Status: 02/16/2021 - House State Government, Elections and Indian Affairs Committee

History: 02/16/2021—H Introduced and referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian Affairs.

02/16/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously not to support

this legislation, as AOC research and studies of the bail system since the constitutional revision was made and Court Rule changes went into effect show that the system is working. LOPD added that the NM Supreme Court has a committee to address issues surrounding bail. AODA noted that this legislation was not run by the DAs, and that it would essentially scrap the present system and replace it with a new one, and that as all parties have figured out our new system, it is not the time

to change it again.

Bill: **HM13**

Sponsors: Romero, A. (D46)

NORTHERN N.M. LAW ENFORCEMENT AND FIRST Title:

RESPONDER TRAINING CENTER

Summary: Requests that the Secretary of Public Safety

> convene a working group to discuss the creation of a satellite law enforcement and first responder training center in northern New Mexico to address a lack of training opportunities and other needs in

the area.

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Courts and Civil

Matters; County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government; Higher Education; Interim Studies

and Interim Committees

1st House: Referred to Committee **Progress:**

Status: 02/18/2021 - House Judiciary Committee

02/18/2021—H Introduced and referred to House History:

Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to table this

legislation, as DPS has not had a chance to review

Bill: SB7

Wirth (D25) Sponsors:

Title: NO DRIVER'S LICENSE SUSPENSION FOR FAILURE

TO APPEAR OR PAY

Amends the Motor Vehicle Code to remove failure **Summary:**

to appear or failure to pay as grounds for driver's license suspension; reinstates licenses suspended for those reasons prior to July1, 2021 for drivers

who are otherwise eligible to drive.

Transportation; Criminal Code; Public Safety and Subjects:

Corrections

1st House: Reported from Committees **Progress:** Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Finance Committee

History: 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Judiciary.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/01/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/02/2021—Senate Finance Committee, 1:00

p.m. or 1/2 hour after floor session, subject to Call of the Chair, Virtual (Revised 03/01/2021)

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as 88% of license suspensions were for debt payment

reasons and not due to dangerous driving, and passing this legislation would free up a great amount of law enforcement and court time, by a vote of 5-0, with AOC, AODA, DPS, AGO, NMCD, and a public member abstaining. LOPD added that the issues around driver's license suspensions go back to the failure to appear and failure to pay

issues, which are tied to policies around ability to pay and the inequities that ensue. Magistrate Judge noted that the bill could be improved by adding elements of discretion, and that the municipal judges had expressed concerns over the bill over removal of discretion.

Bill: SB10

Sponsors: Lopez (D11); Wirth (D25) Title: **DECRIMINALIZE ABORTION**

(Duplicate of 2021 HB7; identical to 2019 HB51, Summary: 2018 HB16 and 2017 HB473) Repeals sections of the Criminal Code that criminalize and provide

penalties for performing abortions.

Health and Medical Practice; Criminal Code; Family Subjects:

and Juveniles; Constitutional Issues and

Amendments; Civil Rights

2017:HB473; 2018:HB16; 2019:HB51 Related:

Progress: Pamphlet Law

Status:

02/26/2021 – Signed by the Governor 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History: Health and Public Affairs.

> 01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate

Judiciary.

02/11/2021—S Opened for floor debate. 02/11/2021—S Floor amendments adopted

(Amendment 1) (Sen. Peter Wirth) Roll Call 26-15.

02/11/2021—S Floor amendments failed (Amendment 2) (Sen. William Sharer) Roll Call

02/11/2021—S Floor amendments failed (Amendment 2) (Sen. Gregg Schmedes) Roll Call

02/11/2021—S Note: Audio: (Amendment 2) (Sen. Gregg Schmedes) Roll Call 16-25.

02/11/2021—S Floor amendments failed (Amendment 2) (Sen. David Gallegos) Roll Call 15-27.

02/11/2021—S Note 2: Audio: (Amendment 2) (Sen. David Gallegos) Roll Call 15-27.

02/11/2021-S Floor amendments failed (Substitute 1) (Sen. Crystal Diamond) Roll Call 15-27.

02/11/2021-S Note 3: Audio: (Substitute 1) (Sen. Crystal Diamond) Roll Call 15-27.

02/11/2021—S Passed 25-17. 02/11/2021—H Received in the House and referred to House Judiciary.

02/16/2021—H Reported Do Pass by House

02/19/2021—H Opened for floor debate.

02/19/2021—H Note: (Floor Amendment 1) (Rep. Brown) Ruled Out of Order.

02/19/2021-H Note 2: (Floor Amendment 1) Out of Order ruling appealed.

02/19/2021—H Note 3: Ruling of the Chair Upheld (41-24).

02/19/2021—H Note 4: (Floor Amendment 1) (Rep. Dow) Tabled (44-25).

02/19/2021-H Passed 40-30.

02/24/2021—S Enrolled and engrossed.

02/24/2021—S Signed by Officers of Senate.

02/26/2021—G Signed by the Governor Laws 2021, Ch. 2 -- Chaptered 2/26/21 Signed 2/26/21.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB13**

Sponsors: Ivey-Soto (D15)

Title: CANNABIS REGULATION ACT

(Related to 2020 SB115, HB160; 2019 HB356, **Summary:**

SB577) Relates to the legalization, production, use, sale, taxation and licensure of commercial cannabis. Creates the Cannabis Regulation Act to regulate the commercial production, possession, manufacture, storage, testing, researching, labeling, transportation, couriering and sale of cannabis and cannabis products. Provides for licensing fees. Creates the Cannabis Tax Act to impose a 20% sales tax on retail sales of nonmedical cannabis products, of which two-thirds (13 percent) is distributable to the state and

one-third (35 percent) to the municipality or unincorporated portion of a county where the sale

takes place.

Subjects: Health and Medical Practice: Criminal Code:

Business, Manufacturing and Economic

Development; Agriculture and Ranching; Public Safety and Corrections; Environment and Pollution;

Capital Outlay Requests

Related: 2020:SB115; 2020:HB160; 2019:HB356;

2019:SB577

1st House: Referred to Committee **Progress:** Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Tax, Business and

Transportation Committee

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Tax, Business & Transportation.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Bill: **SB36**

Sponsors: Padilla (D14)

COURTROOM TESTIMONY FOR CHILD & Title:

TRAUMATIZED CRIME VICTIMS

A new section of the Victims of Crime Act would Summary:

> allow a child or incapacitated adult to testify at a preliminary or criminal trial by remote video where the court finds that the person would (1) be traumatized in the presence of the defendant, (2) the level of emotional distress would be significant, and (3) the trauma suffered by in-person testimony would impair the person's ability to

communicate.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Health and Medical Practice; Family

and Juveniles; Courts and Civil Matters; Public

Safety and Corrections

Progress: Introduced

Status: 01/19/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee

01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Judiciary.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as there is already a provision for child victims to

> testify by deposition, and this is an extension of that practice, by a vote of 8-4 (LOPD, AOC, and two public members against). AODA added that the bill does not impinge on the right to confrontation,

it helps victims who have a hard time with defendants, and that in these times of Covid there have been many court processes moved to video. LOPD stated that this is far more than a mere extension of the video deposition rule; the bill does not just address victims, but any witnesses; and

existing rule covers the circumstances proponents

of the bill want.

Bill: **SB69**

Lopez (D11); Roybal Caballero (D13) Sponsors:

Title: FELONY CHARGES FOR ABANDONING A CHILD

WITH DISABILITIES

Would make it a fourth degree felony to abandon a **Summary:**

child with a disability and a first degree felony if the abandonment results in the child's death or great bodily harm. Second and subsequent offenses would be considered a first degree felony.

Subjects: Family and Juveniles

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee History:

01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/01/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

its intent is to protect the most vulnerable victims, by a vote of 7-1 (LOPD against), with AOC, CYFD, Magistrate Judge, and a public member abstaining. AGO added that the bill was prompted by a case out of Farmington. LOPD stated that while they understand the intent, there are already sentencing enhancements available through aggravating circumstances statutes.

Rill. **SB81**

Sponsors: O'Neill (D13); Stapleton (D19)

Title: RACIAL, GENDER AND SEXUAL ORIENTATION

IMPACT STUDY

Requires the New Mexico Sentencing Commission **Summary:**

to study the racial impact of a bill that would create a new crime, alter sentencing guidelines or change the release date of incarcerated individuals.

Subjects: Civil Rights; Criminal Code; Public Safety and

Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Finance Committee

History: 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Judiciary.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/01/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to table this bill,

as at present the data does not exist in the state to

fulfill the requirements of the legislation.

Bill: SB92 Sponsors: Lopez (D11)

MISSING PERSON CONFIDENTIALITY Title:

Amends the Missing Persons Information and **Summary:** Reporting Act to require a law enforcement agency

to keep information from a custodian or immediate family member about a missing person's status and location if the missing person has been found

and requests confidentiality.

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Civil Rights; Family

and Juveniles

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee

02/22/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

History: 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021-S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Judiciary.

02/18/2021—S Opened for floor debate. 02/18/2021—S Floor amendments adopted (Amendment 1) (Sen. Cliff Pirtle) Voice Vote.

02/18/2021-S Passed 41-1.

02/22/2021—H Received in the House and referred

to House Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/22/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. Scheduled: 03/02/2021—House Consumer and Public Affairs Committee, 12:30 p.m., Virtual (Revised

03/01/2021)

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB103** Sponsors: Stewart (D17)

Title: RESTRICT USE AND SALE OF NEONICOTINOID

PESTICIDES

Summary: Amends the Pesticide Control Act to make it

unlawful in New Mexico to distribute, deliver, or transport neonicotinoid class pesticides; to use them on any property; or to sell any plant or seed treated with them, unless pursuant to one of seven identified exceptions. Requires Department of Agriculture (DOA) to adopt rules designating neonicotinoid pesticides as highly toxic to animals including humans and pollinators; to promulgate rules for certification of "private applicators" as defined; and to design mandatory training for pesticide dealers and others in the trade and a public education plan for pollinator health outreach and education. Redefines credentials required for all users of neonicotinoids. Requires NMSU Board of

Regents to promulgate rules for continuing education for pesticide licensees or certificate holders. Use or supervising use of a neonicotinoid pesticide not subject of an exception is a violation and grounds for denial, suspension of a license, permit or certificate.

Higher Education; Health and Medical Practice; Subjects: Business, Manufacturing and Economic

Development; Energy Resources and Chemicals; Family and Juveniles; Agriculture and Ranching;

Environment and Pollution

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 02/10/2021 - Senate Tax, Business and Status:

Transportation Committee

History: 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Conservation.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Tax,

Business & Transportation.

02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Conservation.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB105 Sponsors:** Rodriguez (D24)

Title: FUNDS FOR LAW-ENFORCEMENT-ASSISTED

DIVERSION

Summary: Appropriates \$1 million (GF) to DFA's Local

> Government Division for use in FY2022 for operational support for law-enforcement-assisted diversion in Santa Fe (city and county), Rio Arriba County, Bernalillo County, and Dona Ana County.

Subjects: Appropriations; Public Safety and Corrections; County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government;

Health and Medical Practice; Human Services 1st House: Reported from Committees

Progress: 02/01/2021 - Senate Finance Committee Status:

History: 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Judiciary.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/01/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to support this bill, as LEAD has been a successful program over the years. LOPD, AODA, and the Chair all expressed the desire that LEAD be expanded statewide, instead of only to the locales mentioned in the bill.

Bill: **SB114** O'Neill (D13) Sponsors:

MEDICAL AND GERIATRIC PAROLE PROCEDURES Title: **Summary:** Amends the Probation and Parole Act to add parole

procedures for geriatric, permanently incapacitated, and terminally ill inmates

Subjects: Criminal Code; Aging; Public Safety and

Corrections; Health and Medical Practice

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee Status: 02/25/2021 - House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 01/19/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

01/19/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health and Public Affairs.

02/17/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate

Judiciary.

02/24/2021—S Opened for floor debate.

02/24/2021-S Passed 37-4.

02/25/2021—H Received in the House and referred

to House Consumer & Public Affairs.

02/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary. **Scheduled:** 03/02/2021—House Consumer and Public Affairs

Committee, 12:30 p.m., Virtual (Revised

03/01/2021)

Comments: The committee took no action on this bill as it is

one of the NMSC pieces of legislation, and was

supported by the Commission.

Bill: SB141 Duhigg (D10) Sponsors:

TECHNICAL PAROLE, PROBATION VIOLATION Title:

SANCTIONS

Summary: Imposes statewide procedures and sanctions for

technical violations of probation and parole and creates escalating sanctions before incarceration.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections;

Courts and Civil Matters

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/11/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/11/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted to table this legislation, as

AODA was in discussion with LOPD about possible changes to the bill, by a vote of 10-3 (LOPD and two public members against). LOPD noted that the bill at its core tried to capture the consensus that was reached about an approach to probation and parole reform in the NMSC Reform Committee in 2019; that the bill codifies statewide the Steps program, and would only incarcerate people after the steps are completed; that some changes had already been made to the bill after input from the

DAs, NMCD, and AGO, which resulted in certain language that LOPD did not necessarily agree with but that was necessary for compromise; that treatment was an important component; and that there was language in the bill that allowed a discussion of safety when considering whether a violation was a technical or standard violation. NMCD stated that in 2015, NMCD re-evaluated the 30-60-90 program and realized it was hurting people; that even the short jail times of 3 and 5 days in the bill were harmful to people; that there was a need to be able to meet people at their needs rather than a one size fits all policy; and that while they support the ideas behind the bill, they cannot support it in this form. SB 141: On 16 Feb 21 the committee revisited this bill. After discussion, the committee voted to table this legislation again, as NMCD was still vetting possible amendments to the bill, by a vote of 9-3 (LOPD and two public members against). The committee will take SB141 up again at its next meeting.

On 23 Feb, the committee revisited this bill. A motion not to support this legislation failed by a vote of 3-3 (LOPD and two public members against), with Chair, AOC, AODA, and CYFD abstaining. NMCD stated that they appreciated the collaborative work done at the NMSC on geriatric & medical parole and fines & fees, and they would have liked to have worked through that same process on this legislation, as it requires a thoughtful process; they are concerned that the bill would limit the ability of probation and parole officers (PPO) to work with offenders, and there was a concern with short term detention provisions; additionally, they were concerned with the limits to 30- and 90-day custody provisions, when they would like different options for people who commit technical violations repeatedly; they are also concerned with how sex offenders would be handled, or situations when someone arrives at a meeting with their PPO and were evidently under the influence; they also had concerns with the definition of absconding, particularly how they get in touch with someone for a 2nd or 3rd absence when they missed their first; the bill also does not account for different levels of supervision that might be needed for an offender – for someone who is high risk or has high needs, missing just one appointment would be significant; additionally, they stated they heard from NM Counties that the bill would transfer a significant number of prisoners from NMCD to jails, with the consequent fiscal burden. LOPD stated that they have been trying to meet with NMCD to discuss the bill; many issues NMCD has raised seem to be due to a misreading of the legislation; they stated that the bill is the result of stakeholder consensus through the NMSC, as it captures the spirit of where the Reform Committee left its discussion of probation and parole in 2019, though the details of that consensus were never hammered out; this bill represents the request to LOPD to draft something modelled on the Steps program used in certain counties; the stated that the bill incorporates the concerns of the AGO and the DAs, and their amendments were included, so they now support the legislation; they added that the legislation would not limit a PPO's ability to work with offenders, that NMCD can still have their policies around absconding, and that there was specific

language in the bill concerning special categories of offenders, like sex offenders. AOC was concerned with limitations on judicial discretion. A public member agreed that the bill represents the earlier consensus on the Reform Committee. AODA stated that LOPD had made the changes they requested, though they were concerned that NMCD was not comfortable with the bill.

Bill: SB142 Sponsors: Brandt (R40)

Title: SHOOTING THREATS A CRIME

Summary: Adds a section to the Criminal Code making it a

fourth-degree felony to threaten to shoot a person.

Subjects:Criminal Code; Public Safety and CorrectionsProgress:1st House: Reported from CommitteesStatus:02/11/2021 - Senate Judiciary CommitteeHistory:02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/11/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the language is extremely broad and it creates a crime we don't need, by a vote of 10-0, with AGO, NMCD, and AODA abstaining. LOPD added that we have crimes already in the Criminal Code that covers similar conduct, and that this bill does not require actual disruption, making this essentially a thought crime. CYFD added that this bill seems to have arisen out of certain incidents in high schools, and so the crime would likely

principally effect juveniles.

Bill: SB181

Sponsors: Cervantes (D31)

Title: FLEXIBILITY ON COURT FINES

Summary: Offers flexibility for fines, fees and costs associated

with conviction and expands community service

options.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Courts and Civil Matters; Public

Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Passed

Status: 03/01/2021 – Passed in the Senate

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Judiciary.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Judiciary.

02/19/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate

Finance.

03/01/2021—S Opened for floor debate. 03/01/2021—S Floor amendments adopted (Amendment 1) (Sen. Katy Duhigg) Roll Call 24-15.

03/01/2021—S Passed 25-15.

Comments: The committee took no action on this bill as it is

one of the NMSC pieces of legislation, and was

supported by the Commission.

Bill: SB182 Sponsors: Cervantes (D31)

Title: THREATENING A PUBLIC OFFICIAL

Summary: Makes unlawful the threatening of a public official

with the intent to cause actual harm to the official, place the official in fear of great bodily harm, or prevent or interrupt the ability to carry out the

official's job duties. Carries the penalty of a petty

misdemeanor.

Subjects: Criminal Code; State Affairs and State Agencies;

Legislature

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees **Status:** 02/18/2021 – Senate Judiciary Committee **History:** 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/18/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB183

Sponsors: Cervantes (D31)

Title: UNIFORM COLLATERAL CONSEQUENCES OF

CONVICTIONS ACT

Summary: (Identical to 2019 SB 325, 2017 SB 292) Directs

the Sentencing Commission, acting in conjunction with the district attorneys, the attorney general and the Public Defender Department to identify any provision of the New Mexico constitution or statutes that imposes a collateral sanction or affords relief from a collateral sanction and to publish on the SC website within six months of the act's effective date a collection of citations to these

provisions with brief descriptive text.

Subjects: Alcohol, Firearms and Tobacco Products; Courts

and Civil Matters; Criminal Code; State Affairs and State Agencies; Public Safety and Corrections

State Agencies; Public Salety and Correct

Related: 2019:SB325; 2017:SB292 **Progress:** 2nd House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/26/2021 – House Judiciary Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021-S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/17/2021-S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

02/24/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Judiciary.

02/25/2021—S Opened for floor debate.

02/25/2021—S Passed 40-0.

02/26/2021—H Received in the House and referred

to House Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB191 Sponsors: Lopez (D11)

Title: BRIDGES ACROSS NEW MEXICO BEHAVIORAL

HEALTH CONSORTIUM

Summary: (Duplicate of 2021 HB151) Directs the Human

Services Department to convene a Bridges Across New Mexico Behavioral Health Consortium to address treatment of substance use disorders, mental health issues, and homelessness.

Appropriates \$50,000 (GF) to the Human Services Department for use in FY2023 to develop an action plan to present to the Department and the

Legislature.

Subjects: Schools and Teachers; Human Services;

Appropriations; State Affairs and State Agencies;

Courts and Civil Matters

Related: 2021:HB151

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees **Status:** 02/17/2021 – Senate Finance Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021-S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/17/2021-S Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass

as substituted by Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to support this legislation, as it is overdue for the state to address the issues of behavioral health needs, treatment needs, and the like in the state.

Bill: SB192 Sponsors: Lopez (D11)

LAW ENFORCEMENT DISCLOSURE OF Title:

EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE

Requires law enforcement officers to disclose **Summary:**

evidence favorable to an accused person in a criminal case and creates a penalty for failure to disclose that information or hindering another

officer from doing so.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections

1st House: Referred to Committee **Progress:**

Status: 02/17/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/17/2021—S Reported without recommendation by Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: LOPD stated that Brady applies to prosecutors, not law enforcement, and that this bill would close that loophole, and that this bill would cut down on post-conviction litigation. AODA stated that there is already a duty for the DA disclose, Section 29-1-1 NMSA 1978, and that it is already possible to suspend an officer for violation of disclosure. DPS stated that there is already a process in place to handle this behavior.

Bill: SB194

Moores (R21); McQueen (D50) Sponsors:

Title: PUBLIC OFFICIALS: PUBLIC CORRUPTION ACT **Summary:** (Identical to 2019 SB202 and HB 169; almost

identical to 2018, HB 109; related to 2018, HB 111 and HB 287) Cited as the Public Corruption Act, applies to public corruption offenses committed by public officials while campaigning for or serving a term as a public official on or after July 1, 2021, but does not include judicial, municipal, school board or special district elections. Classifies as a public corruption offense 14 different types of violations that carry a first-, second- or third-degree felony penalty. In addition to the criminal penalties for an underlying offense, a public official shall forfeit service accrued under PERA during all periods of service as a public

official (contains some exclusions).

Subjects: County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government;

Criminal Code; Public Employees/Retirement; State

Affairs and State Agencies

2019:SB202; 2019:HB169; 2018:HB109; Related:

2018:HB111; 2018:HB287

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/17/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee History:

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/17/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB196 Sponsors:** Lopez (D11) Title: CHILDREN'S CODE REFORM TASK FORCE

Creates a temporary Children's Code Reform Task Summarv: Force to study and make recommendations for amendments to the Code. Appropriates \$100,000

(GF) to the Administrative Office of the Courts for

use in FY2022 for the task force. Subjects: Family and Juveniles; Appropriations; Courts and

Civil Matters; State Affairs and State Agencies; Indians; Interim Studies and Interim Committees;

Higher Education; Legislature

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/10/2021 - Senate Finance Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Rules

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Rules.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB213**

Sponsors: Candelaria (D26); Jaramillo, Leo (D5) Title: PROHIBITS DEFENSE BASED ON VICTIM'S

GENDER

Summary: Prohibits a defense based on a defendant's

discovery of, knowledge about or the potential disclosure of a victim's or witness's gender, gender identity, gender expression or sexual orientation. No evidence shall be admitted as a defense in a criminal proceeding regarding the effect on the defendant of discovery, knowledge or potential disclosure of a victim's or witness's actual or perceived gender, gender expression, gender identity, or sexual orientation. Definition for "gender expression," "gender identity," and "sexual

orientation" provided.

Criminal Code; Courts and Civil Matters Subjects: 1st House: Reported from Committees **Progress:** 02/17/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee Status: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/17/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB216**

Sponsors: Candelaria (D26)

REDUCING PENALTIES FOR DRUG POSSESSION Title: Reduces the criminal classification and penalties for Summary:

possession of a controlled substance.

Criminal Code; Health and Medical Practice; Public Subjects:

Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/17/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/17/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: LOPD stated that this bill would move the state to

treating substance abuse as a public health issue and focus on a treatment approach; it would significantly reduce the collateral consequences of a substance abuse disorder. AODA stated that they had real concerns with the changes that were

marijuana, and that defelonizing the

non-marijuana drugs was not the right step at this point; they added that most of these cases plead,

made for the drugs in the statute aside from

and that the penalties in the statute help to get the defendant into treatment. A public member noted that this bill does not tamper with the trafficking statute, so that was still available, and only defelonized possession. DPS stated that they agreed with the AODA analysis, and that while treatment was important, the state did not have the necessary resources.

Bill: **SB220**

Sponsors: Cervantes (D31)

Title: POLICE BODY CAMERA EXCEPTIONS

Summary: Provides exceptions to a statewide requirement

that law enforcement officers employ body cameras while on duty. Amends the body camera law, passed in 2020, to add a provision allowing law enforcement officers to not employ a body camera to record a death or an undercover

operation.

Public Safety and Corrections; Courts and Civil Subjects:

Matters; Information Technology

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/18/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/18/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to table this bill,

as DPS only recently received the bill draft and was working with the sponsor on possible changes; one example, a definition of law enforcement contact; additionally, there are instances when an agency would want a camera to continue recording, but there might need to be an IPRA exception to the

information that is captured.

Bill: SB221 Sponsors: Padilla (D14)

Title: FINANCIAL CRIMES AGAINST ELDERLY, DISABLED

OR VULNERABLE ADULTS ACT

Summary: Proposes the Financial Crimes Against Elderly,

> Disabled or Vulnerable Adults Act to create specific crimes and penalties for committing such crimes.

Criminal Code; Aging; Banks, Securities and Loans Subjects:

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 02/18/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee Status: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

02/18/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB224

Sponsors: Sedillo Lopez (D16)

PENALTIES FOR FAILING TO SECURE A FIREARM Title: Creates the crime of failing to secure a firearm and **Summary:**

provides penalties.

Subjects: Criminal Code

1st House: Reported from Committees Progress: Status: 02/24/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/24/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the law probably is not enforceable. by a vote of 12-0, with CYFD abstaining. DPS added that DPS does not approve devices to secure firearms, that the ages outlined in the bill do not align with current law and practice, and that DPS

generally does not petition the court for

misdemeanor offenses. AODA added that in rural jurisdictions it is common for children under 12 to be taught to shoot. LOPD added that it is not clear what happens if a firearm is secured but someone gains access anyway, and that they are concerned

with the vagueness of the legislation.

Bill: **SB227** Sponsors: Lopez (D11)

Title: LAW ENFORCEMENT VIOLENCE REFORMS

Makes a sweeping police reform proposal meant to Summary:

curtail police use of force, require de-escalation training, ban police choke holds, tear gas, rubber bullets, "no knock" search warrants and other measures following a summer of nationwide protests focused on police brutality and racism

within police ranks.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections; Civil

Riahts

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/25/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/25/2021—S Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by Senate Health and Public

Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as the reform proposed in the legislation goes too far and would make the job of an officer extremely dangerous, by a vote of 6-0, with LOPD, Magistrate Judge, CYFD, AOC, AGO, and two public members abstaining. DPS added that reform is needed, and that de-escalation is important, but there are situations, like the one that had just occurred in Las Cruces, where that is not possible; they added that there should be a statewide use of force policy, but not this one; they also added that they support a duty to intervene,

and are working on such a policy.

Bill:

Sponsors: Sedillo Lopez (D16); Hochman-Vigil (D15)

Title: ELIMINATING LIFE WITHOUT PAROLE FOR CHILD

DEFENDANTS

Summary: Adds a provision specifying that children subjected

to adult sentences - including for first degree murder - could not be sentenced to life in prison

without the possibility of parole.

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Family and Juveniles

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees Status: 02/24/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/24/2021—S Reported Do Pass as amended by

Senate Health and Public Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, due to concerns about the provisions requiring parole review after 10 years, by a vote of 5-4 (LOPD and three public members against), with

CYFD, Magistrate Judge, AOC, and NMCD

abstaining. AODA added that the bill codifies Federal law on juvenile LWOP, which they do not have a problem with. LOPD stated that the provision for 10-year hearings is rooted in recognized brain science and gets a child past the important 25-year old age marker; the science shows that juvenile offenders have a higher ability to rehabilitate; they added that the release is not automatic, but that the Parole Board ill still have to review the person's case; they also added that the bill is a response to a case that arose out of an incident in Albuquerque, where the court stated at all levels of review (from District Court through the Supreme Court) that they wished they had other sentencing and parole options than those that existed in present law. NMSC noted that the LWOP provisions in Federal law are still not fully defined, and that the US Supreme Court heard a case in its October term that could further set parameters on what forms of LWOP or extended sentences are constitutional for juveniles.

Bill: SB255 Sponsors: O'Neill (D13)

Title: LEGALIZING AND SUPPLYING MEANS OF SAFE

DRUG CONSUMPTION

Summary: Would provide supplies for safe injection, smoking

and inhalation of controlled substances and amend sections of law dealing with harm-reduction related

to drug use.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Health and Medical Practice; State

Affairs and State Agencies; Public Safety and

Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees **Status:** 02/25/2021 – Senate Judiciary Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/25/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Health

and Public Affairs.

Comments: A public member noted that this bill protects

activity that is recognized around the world as useful to manage substance abuse issues. LOPD noted that UNM was working on a program that would not be able to take effect unless this bill

passes.

Bill: SB257 Sponsors: Padilla (D14)

Title: AMENDING CHILD DELINQUENCY PLACEMENTS

Summary: Expands the scope of child delinquency

placements, creates a petition process for alternate delinquency placements and ensures that placements for Indian children offer access to cultural practices. Adds requirements for a

delinquency placement court order. **Subjects:** Family and Juveniles; Indians

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees

Status: 02/10/2021 – Senate Judiciary Committee

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Indian, Rural & Cultural Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate

Indian, Rural & Cultural Affairs.

Comments: The committee voted to support the concept

behind this legislation, while recognizing that amendments were needed, as the legislation would provide needed flexibility in placements and allow the access of Federal funds, by a vote of 12-0, with

NMCD abstaining. A public member noted that many on the NMSC Juvenile Committee supported the bill in concept, though wished there to be some changes to it. CYFD stated that there was some question about where in the Children's Code was the proper place for this legislation; they added that the sponsor recognized that there would be amendments to the legislation as it moved forward.

Bill: SB258 Sponsors: Baca (R29)

Title: NEW CRIMINAL OFFENSE OF 'LOOTING' **Summary:** Creates the crime of "looting" and prescribes

penalties.

Subjects: Criminal Code

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/01/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB265 Sponsors: Pirtle (R32)

Title: MAGISTRATE COURT CHANGE OF VENUE

Summary: Relates to magistrate court. Allows for a change of

venue in criminal actions involving violation of a law relating to a motor vehicle where the

defendant "consents to a change of venue from the magistrate district where the cause of action arose." Carries an effective date of July 1, 2021.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Courts and Civil Matters; Alcohol,

Firearms and Tobacco Products; Transportation;

County Affairs

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/01/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted not to support this

legislation, as it could cause an unwelcome shift in the caseloads of certain Magistrate Courts, by a vote of 8-0, with CYFD and two public members abstaining. AOC added that the impact would be greatest on Magistrate Courts located close to other counties, and that there was already a provision under law where a defendant can transfer

venue if he wishes.

Bill: SB266

Sponsors: Ivey-Soto (D15); Duhigg (D10)

Title: STAGGER TERMS OF TRIAL COURT JUDGES **Summary:** Staggers the terms of judges of the District and

Municipal Courts so that no more than one-third of seats in any district of the District Courts, and no more than half of the seats in Metropolitan Court, shall be subject to a retention election in any general election year. District Court judges serve for six year terms, but the initial term of office for a newly created judgeship is staggered as provided even if the result is a shortened term of office. Metropolitan Court judges serve for four year terms, but initial term of office for newly created positions may likewise be shortened. Contains legislative findings for the necessity of this change.

Progress:

Status:

History:

Subjects: Courts and Civil Matters; Public

Employees/Retirement

Progress: 2nd House: Referred to Committee

02/25/2021 - House State Government, Elections Status:

and Indian Affairs Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Rules.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/10/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate Rules. 02/17/2021—S Reported Do Pass by Senate

Judiciary.

02/24/2021—S Opened for floor debate.

02/24/2021-S Passed 39-0.

02/25/2021—H Received in the House and referred to House State Government, Elections & Indian

02/25/2021—H Also referred to House Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB274

Sponsors: Sedillo Lopez (D16)

POLICE USE OF DEADLY FORCE REPORTING Title:

Summary: Creates a reporting mechanism and assignment of a prosecutor after a law enforcement officers use of deadly force resulting in great bodily harm or

Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections; Civil Subjects:

Rights

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 03/01/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee Status: History:

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 03/01/2021—S Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass as substituted by Senate Health and Public

Affairs.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB288 Sponsors: Pirtle (R32)

CANNABIS REGULATION ACT AND CANNABIS TAX Title:

(Related to 2021 HB12, HB17, SB13) Creates the **Summary:**

Cannabis Regulation Act to provide for the legal production, manufacture, sale and use of cannabis by adults in New Mexico. Creates the Cannabis Control Commission with powers and duties, and with exclusive authority over testing, manufacture, packaging and transportation of cannabis. Provides for dual medical-commercial licensure. Establishes

duties of the Departments of Agriculture, Environment, and Public Safety. Creates the Cannabis Tax Act, levying a Cannabis Excise Tax, Municipal Cannabis Tax, and County Cannabis Tax, each at two percent. Authorizes local governments to restrict commercial cannabis activities. Creates the Cannabis Regulation Fund that absorbs the Medical Cannabis Fund, Creates the Road Safety Fund. Revises the Local DWI Grant Program. Decriminalizes cannabis possession by adults and

provides and revises other penalties. Amends the

Controlled Substances Act.

Subjects: Health and Medical Practice; County Affairs;

Municipalities/City Government; Criminal Code;

Business, Manufacturing and Economic

Development; State Affairs and State Agencies; Agriculture and Ranching; Public Safety and Corrections; Environment and Pollution; Taxation, Fees and Audits

Tax, Business & Transportation.

Transportation Committee

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation at the 16 Feb 21 meeting - the committee will consider all of

1st House: Referred to Committee

02/01/2021 - Senate Tax, Business and

the cannabis legalization bills at its next meeting.

Bill: SB291

Sponsors: Campos, P. (D8)

INSPECTION OF PRIVATELY OPERATED Title:

CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

Requires inspection of privately operated Summary:

correctional facilities at least once every three years without prior notice, for which the facility will

bear the cost.

Public Safety and Corrections Subjects: Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Judiciary Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate Judiciary.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB310

Sponsors: Steinborn (D36)

Title: EXTENDING STATUE OF LIMITATIONS FOR CHILD

SEX ABUSE CRIMES

Increases statues of limitations for criminal sexual Summary:

penetration and criminal sexual contact of a child.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Public Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/01/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB324 Lopez (D11) Sponsors:

REVISED PROCEDURES FOR PROTECTIVE Title:

CUSTODY OF CHILDREN

Summary: Makes significant changes to the procedures

governing protective custody of children, including transferring certain responsibilities from law enforcement to the Children, Youth and Families Department and establishing procedures for post-petition removal hearings. Specific changes

are as follows:

Family and Juveniles; Courts and Civil Matters; Subjects:

Public Safety and Corrections

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/10/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/10/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to table this bill.

as CYFD was still reviewing the legislation and may have changes. On 23 Feb, the committee revisited this bill. The committee voted to support this legislation, as it was a recommendation of the Children's Court Improvement Commission, by a

vote of 8-0, with AODA abstaining. CYFD noted that the legislation would reduce trauma as the decision for removal was moving from law enforcement to CYFD, and that it improves options around removal; they added that if the bill did not pass, NM would remain, with Hawaii, as the only states relying on law enforcement in these circumstances.

Bill: SB327

Sponsors: Sedillo Lopez (D16)

Title: RESTRICTIONS & PENALTIES FOR EMPLOYEE

DISCLOSURE OF AGENCY INFORMATION

Summary: Imposes restrictions and sanctions for the

disclosure of sensitive information acquired by a state, district or magistrate court employee during the course of employment; imposes stricter confidentiality requirements on release of motor vehicle records; requires written request and written determination before motor vehicle

information may be released.

Subjects: County Affairs; Courts and Civil Matters; State

Affairs and State Agencies; Information

Technology; Insurance; Public

Employees/Retirement; Criminal Code;

Transportation

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/10/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/10/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB343 Sponsors: Padilla (D14)

Title: RACING ON STREETS OR HIGHWAYS

Summary: Would allow victims of street or highway races that

resulted in bodily injury to claim compensation under the Victim's Reparation Act and broadens a statute outlawing racing on highways by adding streets to the list of outlawed roadways for racing

vehicles.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Courts and Civil Matters; Public

Safety and Corrections; Municipalities/City Government; County Affairs; Transportation

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/10/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/10/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021-S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB344
Sponsors: Hickey (D20)

Title: 'VEHICULAR MANSLAUGHTER' CRIME ADDED TO

MOTOR VEHICLE CODE

Summary: Amends the Motor Vehicle Code to add the crime of

"vehicular manslaughter."

Subjects: Criminal Code

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/10/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/10/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/10/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. LOPD noted

that this proposed crime is already covered by the involuntary manslaughter provision, and thus

probably was not needed.

Bill: SB358 Sponsors: Munoz (D4)

Title: INCREASING TRESPASSING PENALTY **Summary:** Increases criminal penalties for unlawfully trespassing on private property.

Subjects: Criminal Code; Land, Housing and Real Estate;

Agriculture and Ranching; Natural Resources

(Parks and Wildlife)

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/10/2021 – Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/10/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/10/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SB363

Sponsors: Candelaria (D26)

Title: CANNABIS REGULATION ACT AND CANNABIS TAX

AC

Summary: (Very similar to 2021 HB12; related to 2021 SB13,

(Very Similar to 2021 RB12; related to 2021 SB13, SB288, HB17; 2020 HB160, HB334, SB115) Governs the legalization and taxation of adult-use cannabis. Creates the Cannabis Regulation Act to consolidate all regulation and administration of commercial and medical cannabis activity by creation of the Cannabis Control Division of Regulation and Licensing Department. Transfers all duties of the Department of Health for the medical cannabis program to the Division. Provides for licensure and fees for producers, producer

microbusinesses, manufacturers, testing laboratories, couriers, research laboratories, servers, education and training, integrated cannabis establishments and microbusinesses and cannabis consumption areas. Provides for local control. Creates the Cannabis Tax Act to impose an excise tax of nine percent, a municipal tax of three percent, and a county tax of four percent. Requires

extensive rule-making and interagency

cooperation; creates new reporting requirements; amends the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act, the Tax Administration Act, the Controlled

Substances Act and other sections of statute. Higher Education; Health and Medical Practice;

Subjects: Higher Education; Health and Medical Practice; County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government;

Criminal Code; Business, Manufacturing and Economic Development; State Affairs and State Agencies; Agriculture and Ranching; Public Safety and Corrections; Indians; Taxation, Fees and

Audits

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee **Status:** 02/10/2021 - Senate Tax, Business and

Transportation Committee

History: 02/10/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Tax, Business & Transportation.

02/10/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation at the 16

Feb 21 meeting – the committee will consider all of the cannabis legalization bills at its next meeting.

Bill: SB371 Sponsors: Soules (D37) Title: MENTAL HEALTH WELLNESS PROGRAMS FOR LAW

ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

Summary: Establishes mental health wellness programs for

law enforcement agencies and program

requirements. Applies to a city or municipal police department, county sheriff's office, N. M. state police, or a police department established by a

university

Subjects: Public Safety and Corrections; Criminal Code;

County Affairs; Municipalities/City Government

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

Status: 02/11/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs

Committee

History: 02/11/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/11/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/11/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as the bill addresses necessary priorities, by a vote of

9-0, with Magistrate Judge and two public members abstaining. DPS added that they

supported the goals of the legislation, though they had some concern about the lack of funding for the new positions required by the legislation; and that it might be worthwhile to consider having regional psychologists for departments, as many smaller agencies were not large enough to have a full time

person on staff.

Bill: SB375

Sponsors: Munoz (D4); Ingle (R27)

FIRST RESPONDER TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION Title: Amends the Emergency Medical Services Act, the **Summary:**

Law Enforcement Training Act and the Fire Protection Training law to require that first responder training programs include crisis management strategies. Reorganizes the New Mexico Law Enforcement Academy Board, changes its duties, and places the Director under direct supervision of the Secretary of Public Safety. Creates the Law Enforcement Certification Board, administratively attached to the DPS, and transfers to it authority for officer certification. Directs transfer of \$6.0 million from the Law Enforcement Protection Fund to the academy for training. Provides for creation of a law enforcement officer database for information-sharing among law

enforcement agencies about excessive use of force. Subjects: State Affairs and State Agencies; Public Safety and

Corrections; Appropriations

Progress: 1st House: Reported from Committees 02/24/2021 - Senate Finance Committee Status:

02/11/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

02/11/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance. 02/24/2021—S Reported Do Not Pass but Do Pass

as substituted by Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously to support this legislation, as it creates independence in the certification process and it creates a more diverse group to address issues of training. DPS added that this was an excellent police reform bill, that contains the best parts of other bills that have been introduced; additionally, DPS would favor

adding duty to intervene policies.

Bill: **SB376**

Sponsors: Cervantes (D31)

PROHIBIT QUALITIED IMMUNITY FOR LAW Title:

ENFORCEMENT

Amends the Tort Claims Act seemingly to track Summary:

with provisions of the New Mexico Civil Rights Act provide that the defense of qualified immunity is not available in a claim against a law enforcement officer under the act. Limits other defenses. Liability is established by proving that a violation occurred. Provides for award of litigation costs and attorney fees to a prevailing party. Establishes a default statute of limitations of three years and places a ceiling on recovery. Raises maximum liability limits and sets a \$2.0 million limit for all claims arising from a single occurrence. Applies to all cases pending or on appeal on the effective

Subjects: Courts and Civil Matters; Public Safety and

Corrections; Civil Rights

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/11/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

02/11/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate **History:**

Health and Public Affairs.

02/11/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: **SB396** Sponsors: Pope (D23)

Title: CREATING CRIME OF WILDLAND ARSON

Summary: Adds a new form of arson to existing arson laws for

arson involving "wildland."

Natural Resources (Parks and Wildlife); Agriculture Subjects:

and Ranching; Environment and Pollution; Criminal

Code

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/17/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

02/17/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/17/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary. 02/17/2021—S Also referred to Senate Finance.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation. LOPD noted

that the bill has drafting issues, and that there is no need to change the aggravated arson statute.

Bill: SB408

Sponsors: Gallegos (R41)

THE RIGHT OF BODILY INTEGRITY Title:

Grants state residents "the right to bodily **Summary:**

integrity," affording people the right to refuse medical treatment or testing in numerous

circumstances--including those arrested for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. Affords a path to compel testing, treatment or quarantine in numerous circumstances. Prohibits public or private discrimination related to refusing testing or treatment; requires informed consent related to an array or medical tests; limits medical interventions when a person asserts the right to bodily integrity. Would take immediate, emergency effect. "Department" refers to both the Early

Childhood Education and Care Department and the Human Services Department.

Health and Medical Practice; Public Safety and Subjects:

Corrections; State Affairs and State Agencies; Schools and Teachers; Human Services; Family and Juveniles; Criminal Code

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/18/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

History: 02/18/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Health and Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously not to support this legislation, as the bill is far too broad and has an impact on too many areas of law without there being further discussion on these matters. AODA expressed concern about the impact on DUI and on DNA collection; the latter, especially, would directly impact rape and homicide cases. LOPD stated that there were questions about how the legislation would interact with warrants in investigations, and noted there were implications under Birchfield analyses; they added that the bill was so broad and poorly written that it would implement bad policy. AGO noted that the implications for DNA collection were serious and had broad implications. AOC raised the concern of the tremendous amount of litigation that would likely result were this bill passed into law.

Bill: SB411 Sponsors: Baca (R29)

Title: OFFICER BODY CAM EXEMPTION

Summary: Creates an exemption to the 2020 law requiring

law enforcement officers to wear body cameras while on duty. Officers operating under direct supervision of a federal agency would be exempt from wearing a body camera while on duty in New

Public Safety and Corrections; State Affairs and Subjects:

State Agencies; Municipalities/City Government;

County Affairs

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee

02/18/2021 - Senate Health and Public Affairs Status:

Committee

02/18/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate History:

Health and Public Affairs.

02/18/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.

Bill: SJR11 Sponsors: Lopez (D11)

CA: OFFICE OF FAMILY REPRESENTATION AND Title:

ADVOCACY

Amends Art. 6 of the Constitution to establish in Summary:

the Judicial Department an Office of Family Representation and Advocacy. The office would be an independent state agency that would provide representation to indigent persons. The agency would be headed by a director whose duties, term and qualifications would be established by law. Also, creates the Family Representation and Advocacy Oversight Commission to oversee the office, appoint its director, and not interfere with the discretion, professional judgment or advocacy of the office. Terms, qualifications and membership of the commission would be established by law.

Subjects: Courts and Civil Matters; Constitutional Issues and

Amendments

1st House: Referred to Committee **Progress:** Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Rules Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Rules.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted to support this legislation, as

it was a recommendation of the family representation task force, by a vote of 7-1 (a public member against), with AODA, CYFD, LOPD, and a public member abstaining. AOC added that the constitutional amendment would be a good start for family representation of indigent people.

Bill: SJR21 Sponsors: Pirtle (R32)

CA: ELECT SUPREME COURT JUSTICES BY Title:

DISTRICT

Summary: Proposes to amend Article 6, Sections 4 and 8 of

> the state Constitution to provide for election of Supreme Court justices by district rather than statewide, and to require justices to reside in the districts from which they were elected. Requires

implementation by the Legislature.

Courts and Civil Matters; Constitutional Issues and Subjects:

Amendments; Elections

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee Status: 02/11/2021 - Senate Rules Committee

History: 02/11/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Rules.

02/11/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Comments: The committee voted unanimously not to support

this legislation, as the effect of the proposed constitutional amendment would make the state

Supreme Court more politicized.

Bill: SM7 Sponsors: O'Neill (D13)

INTERIM STUDY ON ECONOMICS OF CLOSING Title:

PRIVATE PRISONS

Summary: Requests Legislative Council to appoint a joint

subcommittee of interim committees on Courts, Corrections and Justice and Economic and Rural Development to study strategies to mitigate the economic consequences of closing private prisons.

Subjects: County Affairs; Business, Manufacturing and

Economic Development; Public Safety and Corrections; Interim Studies and Interim

Committees

Progress: 1st House: Referred to Committee Status: 02/01/2021 - Senate Rules Committee

History: 02/01/2021—S Introduced and referred to Senate

Rules.

02/01/2021—S Also referred to Senate Judiciary.

Scheduled: 03/03/2021—Senate Rules Committee, 9:00 a.m.,

Virtual

Comments: No action was taken on this legislation.